

DESCRIPTION

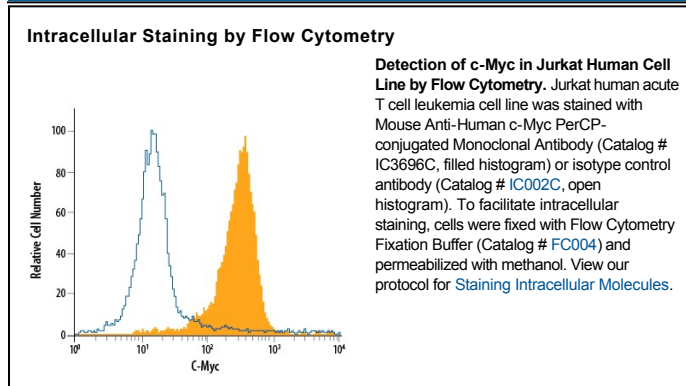
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects endogenous human c-Myc and c-Myc tagged proteins in Western blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 9E10
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	C-terminal region peptide of human c-Myc Ala408-Ala439 Accession # P01106
Conjugate	PerCP (Peridinin-chlorophyll Protein Complex) Excitation Wavelength: 482 and 564 nm Emission Wavelength: 675 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry	10 μ L/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

Human c-Myc is a helix-loop-helix transcription factor which efficiently binds DNA after heterodimerization with the bHLH protein Max. It is often overexpressed and mutated in hematopoietic tumors. Mutations frequently result in truncation around amino acid (aa) 252, before the C-terminal DNA binding, HLH and leucine zipper domains. The 439 aa human c-Myc has one O-glycosylation site and has three Ser/Thr phosphorylation sites near the N-terminus. Human c-Myc shows 92% aa identity with mouse or rat c-Myc.