

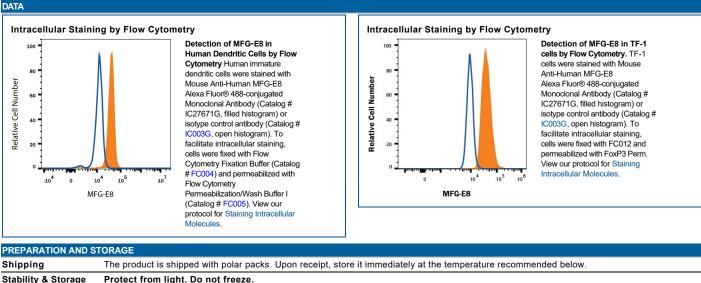
DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human MFG-E8 in direct ELISAs and Western blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2A} Clone # 278918
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human MFG-E8 Leu24-Cys387 Accession # Q08431
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 488 Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website. Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry Titration recommended for optimal concentration with starting range of 0.1-1 µg/1 million cells. Sample used for this

experiment was Human immature dendritic cells and TF-1 cells fixed with FC012 and permeabilized with FoxP3 Perm.



Protect from light. Do not freeze.

• 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

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Human MFG-E8 Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2A} Clone # 278918 Catalog Number: IC27671G 100 µg

BACKGROUND

Milk Fat Globulin Protein E8 (MFG-E8), also known as Lactadherin, MP47, breast epithelial antigen BA46, and SED1, is a 66-75 kDa pleiotropic secreted glycoprotein that promotes mammary gland morphogenesis, angiogenesis, and tumor progression. MFG-E8 also plays an important role in tissue homeostasis and the prevention of inflammation (1). Human MGF-E8 contains one N-terminal EGF-like domain and two C-terminal F5/8-type discoidin-like domains (2). It shares 63% and 61% aa sequence identity with comparable regions of mouse and rat MFG-E8, respectively. Shorter isoforms of human MFG-E8 may have N-terminal deletions (beginning near the end of the first discoidin-like domain), internal deletions (lacking either the EGF-like domain or the central region of the second discoidin-like domain), or C-terminal deletions (truncated within the second discoidin-like domain) (3). A 50 aa internal proteolytic fragment of human MFG-E8 (known as Medin) is a major component of aortic medial amyloid deposits (4). MFG-E8 is released into the milk in complex with lipid-containing milk fat globules. It is also found in multiple other cell types including endothelial cells and smooth muscle cells of the vasculature, immature dendritic cells, at the acrosomal cap of testicular and epididymal sperm, and in epithelial cells of the endometrium (1). MFG-E8 binds to the Integrins $\alpha V\beta3$ and $\alpha V\beta5$ and $\alpha V\beta5$ and potentiates the angiogenic action of VEGF R2 (5, 6). It reduces inflammation and tissue damage in a variety of settings. MFG-E8 also promotes the removal of excess Collagen in fibrotic lungs and throgen $\alpha (\beta, 9)$ and $\alpha \beta \beta 3$ on phagocytes, leading to the clearance of apoptotic debris (7). It mediates the engulfment of apoptotic bodies in atherosclerotic plaques and prion-infected brain (8, 9) and of apoptotic B cells during germinal center reactions (10, 11). MFG-E8 also promotes the removal of excess Collagen in fibrotic lungs and the regeneration of damaged intestinal epithelia (12, 13). Its tissue-protective role impairs an

References:

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