

Human SF20/MYDGF Alexa Fluor® 594-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG₁ Clone # 1009420

Catalog Number: IC1147T

100 µg

Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human SF20 in direct ELISAs.		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 1009420		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Chinese hamster ovary cell line CHO-derived recombinant human SF20		
	Met1-Leu173		
	Accession # Q969H8		
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 594		
	Excitation Wavelength: 590 nm		
	Emission Wavelength: 617 nm		
Formulation	Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet		
	(SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

APPLICATIONS				
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.				
	Recommended Concentration	Sample		
Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 μg/10 ⁶ cells	U937 Human Histiocytic Lymphoma Cell Line fixed with paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with saponin		

PREPARATION AND STORAGE			
Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.		
Stability & Storage	ge Protect from light. Do not freeze.		
	12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.		

BACKGROUND

Human SF20 (Stromal cell-derived growth factor SF20, C19orf10, MYDGF1, Myeloid-derived growth factor1 also formerly known as IL25) is a 15 kDa (predicted) bone marrow-derived monocyte and paracrine-acting protein that promotes cardiac myocyte survival and adaptive angiogenesis for cardiac protection and/or repair after myocardial infarction. SF20 stimulates endothelial cell proliferation through a MAPK1/3-, STAT3- and CCND1 mediated signaling pathway. It is thought to inhibit cardiac myocyte apoptosis in a PI3K/AKT-dependent signaling pathway and is involved in endothelial cell proliferation and angiogenesis. Human SF20 shares 87% aa identity with mouse SF20.

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