

DESCRIPTION

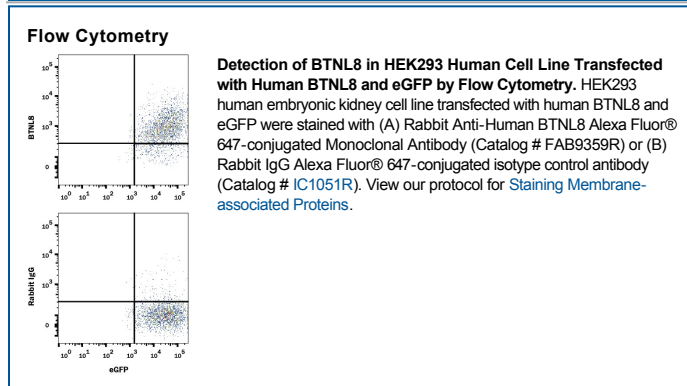
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human BTNL8 in direct ELISAs and Western blots.
Source	Recombinant Monoclonal Rabbit IgG Clone # 2187B
Purification	Protein A or G purified from cell culture supernatant
Immunogen	Human embryonic kidney cell line HEK-293-derived Human BTNL8 Gln18-Lys238 Accession # Q6UX41-1
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 647 Excitation Wavelength: 650 nm Emission Wavelength: 668 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 µg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

Butyrophilin-like 8 (BTNL8) is a member of the BTN/MOG Ig-superfamily and functions as a negative regulator of immune cell activation (1). Human BTNL8 is a 500 amino acid (aa) type I transmembrane glycoprotein that contains a signal peptide followed by an extracellular domain (ECD), a transmembrane region and a short cytoplasmic domain (2). The ECD of human BTNL8 shares 88% sequence identity with the ECD of mouse BTNL8. BTNL8 has two alternatively spliced forms: B7-like and BTN-like. Both isoforms of BTNL8 are expressed in a range of human tissues (3). The complete immunological function of BTNL molecules is only beginning to emerge. BTNL8 has been shown to be important in initiation of primary immune responses, suggesting a role in priming of naïve T lymphocytes (3). Down-regulation of BTNL8 mRNA levels has been associated with ulcerative colitis and colon cancer (4). BTNL8 are expressed in colon, lung, testis and neutrophils, and its expression is significantly decreased in ulcerative colitis, colonic tumors as compared to unaffected tissue (4). Soluble BTNL8-Fc fusion protein binds to resting, but not activated T cells. *In vitro*, BTNL8 co-stimulates T cell proliferation and cytokine production. *In vivo* injections of BTNL8-Fc significantly increases production of Ag-specific IgG during the primary but not the secondary immune response (3).

References:

1. Arnett, H.A. *et al.* (2007) *J. Immunol.* **178**:1523.
2. Arnett, H.A. *et al.* (2009) *Cytokine* **46**:370.
3. Chapoval, A.I. *et al.* (2013) *Mol Immunol.* **56**:819.
4. Lebrero-Fernández C. *et al.* (2016) *Immun Inflamm Dis.* **4**:191.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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