

DESCRIPTION

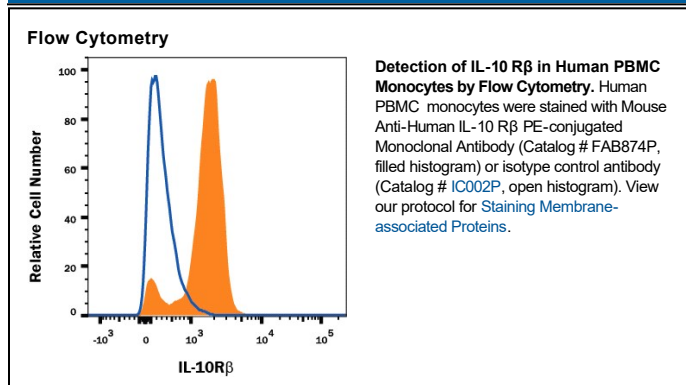
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human IL-10 R β in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) IL-10 R α , rhIFN- γ R1, and rhIFN- γ R2 is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 90220
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human IL-10 R β Met20-Ser220 Accession # Q08334
Conjugate	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μ L/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. ● 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

IL-10 R β , also known as IL-10 R2, mediates its biological activities *via* binding to a heteromeric receptor complex consisting of two distinct type II cytokine receptor subunits, the ligand binding IL-10 R α and the IL-10 R β which does not bind IL-10 by itself but is required for signal transduction. The cDNA for human IL-10 R β encodes a 325 amino acid (aa) type I transmembrane precursor protein with a 20 aa signal sequence, a 200 aa extracellular region, a 29 aa transmembrane segment and a 76 aa cytoplasmic domain. Within the extracellular region, there are two 100 aa subdomains that resemble the constant region of immunoglobulins. This structural motif is responsible for the alternative designation of IL-10 R β as CRF2-4 (the 4th member of the cytokine receptor family class II/2). Human and mouse IL-10 R β share approximately 69% aa sequence identity. Binding of the non-covalent IL-10 dimer to two IL-10 R α chains recruits two IL-10 R β chains resulting in the activation and phosphorylation of the signaling cascade involving JAK1, TYK2, and STAT3. IL-10 R β is expressed ubiquitously. IL-10 R β is also a component of the IL-22 receptor complex consisting of the IL-10 R β chain and IL-22 R, another type II cytokine receptor family member.

References:

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2. Donnelly, R.P. *et al.* (1999) *J. Interferon Cytokine Res.* **19**:563.
3. Kotenko, S.V. *et al.* (2000) *J. Biol. Chem.* **276**:2725.
4. Liu, Y. *et al.* (1994) *J. Immunol.* **152**:1821.
5. Lutfalla, G. *et al.* (1993) *Genomics* **16**:366.
6. Kotenko, S.V. *et al.* (1997) *EMBO J.* **16**:5894.