

DESCRIPTION

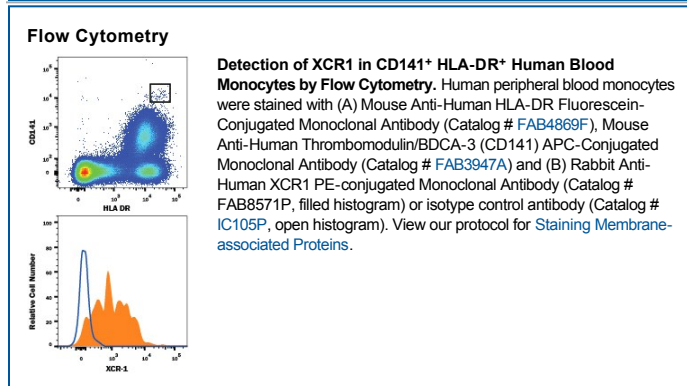
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human XCR1 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Recombinant Monoclonal Rabbit IgG Clone # 1097A
Purification	Protein A or G purified from cell culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human XCR1 Met1-Thr31, Ser89-Lys103, His168-His190, Phe251-Tyr267 Accession # P46094
Conjugate	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μ L/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage **Protect from light. Do not freeze.**

- 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

XCR1, also known as GPR5 and Lymphotactin/SCM-1 (Single Cysteine Motif 1) Receptor, is a 38 kDa member of the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. It binds XCL1/Lymphotactin/SCM-1 α and XCL2/SCM-1 β . In addition, Human Herpes Virus 8 (HHV8) encodes two viral chemokines vCCL2/vMIP-II and vCCL3/vMIP-III that function as an antagonist and a highly selective agonist, respectively, for XCR1. XCR1 is expressed on neutrophils, CD8⁺ T cells, NK cells, CD4⁺ T cells and B cells. Human XCR1 is a 333 amino acid (aa), 7-transmembrane molecule. It contains a 32 aa N-terminus that lacks glycosylation sites and a 42 aa C-terminal cytoplasmic tail. Over the extracellular regions used for immunization, human XCR1 shares 62%, 54% and 64% aa identity with canine, mouse and porcine XCR1, respectively.