

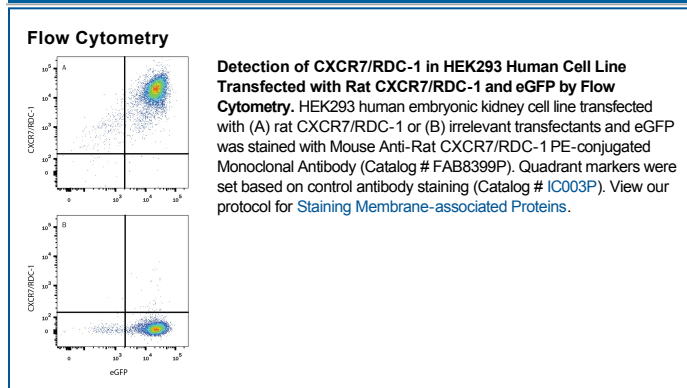
DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Rat
Specificity	Stains rat CXCR7/RDC-1 transfectants but not irrelevant transfectants in flow cytometry.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2A} Clone # 896032
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	NS0 mouse myeloma cell line transfected with rat CXCR7/RDC-1 Met1-Lys362 Accession # NP_445804
Conjugate	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 µL/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

CXCR7 (CXC Chemokine Receptor 7), also known as GPRN1, RDC-1 and Chemokine Orphan Receptor 1, is a 60 kDa member of the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. It is expressed on multiple cell types, including neurons, T cells, NK cells, neutrophils, B cells plus angiogenic endothelial cells. CXCR7 forms both homodimers and heterodimers with CXCR4. It selectively binds I-TAC and SDF-1, and appears to involve β-Arrestin 2 during signaling. Notably, a CXCR7: CXCR4 heterodimer shows increased responsiveness to SDF-1, and I-TAC may actually block some SDF-1-mediated migration activity.