

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse
Specificity	Detects human Golgi Glycoprotein 1/GLG1 in direct ELISA. Detects human and mouse GLG1 in Western Blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 858238
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human Golgi Glycoprotein 1/GLG1 Lys1048-Asn1145 Accession # Q92896
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 532 Excitation Wavelength: 534 nm Emission Wavelength: 553 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Immunocytochemistry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

GLG1 (Golgi complex-Localized Glycoprotein 1), also known as CFR1, E-Selectin Ligand-1/ESL-1, MG-160 and Cys-rich FGF Receptor, is a 150-160 kDa (reducing; 130 kDa nonreducing) glycoprotein. It is expressed in both Golgi and/or the cell membrane of multiple cell types, including neutrophils (from rodents; not humans), liver stellate cells, neurons, cardiac myocytes, monocytes and bronchial epithelial cells. In the blood, GLG1/ESL-1 collaborates with PSGL-1 to mediate leukocyte binding to endothelial cell surfaces. PSGL-1 initiates leukocyte tethering while GLG1 promotes slow rolling. GLG1 also serves as an intra-Golgi receptor for multiple FGFs, including FGF-1, -2, -4, -18 and possibly -3, and as a component of an unusual latent TGF-β complex. Mature human GLG1 is an 1150 amino acid (aa) type I transmembrane protein. It contains a 1116 aa extracellular/luminal region (aa 30-1145) plus a short 13 aa cytoplasmic segment. The extracellular region possesses a 16 aa poly-Gln segment followed by 16 Cys-rich repeats (aa 116-1101). There are three potential isoform variants, one of which possess a 24 aa extension at the C-terminus, a second that couples the aforementioned C-terminal extension to a deletion of aa 147-157, and a third that contains a 14 aa substitution for aa 685-1179. It is suggested that the longer C-terminus retains GLG1 in the Golgi, while shorter cytoplasmic segments allow for presentation at the cell membrane. Over aa 1048-1145, human and mouse are identical in aa sequence.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

This product is provided under an agreement between Life Technologies Corporation and R&D Systems, Inc, and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product is subject to one or more US patents and corresponding non-US equivalents, owned by Life Technologies Corporation and its affiliates. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components (1) in manufacturing; (2) to provide a service, information, or data to an unaffiliated third party for payment; (3) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; (4) to resell, sell, or otherwise transfer this product or its components to any third party, or for any other commercial purpose. Life Technologies Corporation will not assert a claim against the buyer of the infringement of the above patents based on the manufacture, use or sale of a commercial product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components was employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than research, contact Life Technologies Corporation, Cell Analysis Business Unit, Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402, Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0354.