

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse
Specificity	Detects human Golgi Glycoprotein 1/GLG1 in direct ELISA. Detects human and mouse GLG1 in Western Blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 858238
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human Golgi Glycoprotein 1/GLG1 Lys1048-Asn1145 Accession # Q92896
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 594 Excitation Wavelength: 590 nm Emission Wavelength: 617 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Immunocytochemistry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

GLG1 (Golgi complex-Localized Glycoprotein 1), also known as CFR1, E-Selectin Ligand-1/ESL-1, MG-160 and Cys-rich FGF Receptor, is a 150-160 kDa (reducing; 130 kDa nonreducing) glycoprotein. It is expressed in both Golgi and/or the cell membrane of multiple cell types, including neutrophils (from rodents; not humans), liver stellate cells, neurons, cardiac myocytes, monocytes and bronchial epithelial cells. In the blood, GLG1/ESL-1 collaborates with PSGL-1 to mediate leukocyte binding to endothelial cell surfaces. PSGL-1 initiates leukocyte tethering while GLG1 promotes slow rolling. GLG1 also serves as an intra-Golgi receptor for multiple FGFs, including FGF-1, -2, -4, -18 and possibly -3, and as a component of an unusual latent TGF-β complex. Mature human GLG1 is an 1150 amino acid (aa) type I transmembrane protein. It contains a 1116 aa extracellular/luminal region (aa 30-1145) plus a short 13 aa cytoplasmic segment. The extracellular region possesses a 16 aa poly-Gln segment followed by 16 Cys-rich repeats (aa 116-1101). There are three potential isoform variants, one of which possess a 24 aa extension at the C-terminus, a second that couples the aforementioned C-terminal extension to a deletion of aa 147-157, and a third that contains a 14 aa substitution for aa 685-1179. It is suggested that the longer C-terminus retains GLG1 in the Golgi, while shorter cytoplasmic segments allow for presentation at the cell membrane. Over aa 1048-1145, human and mouse are identical in aa sequence.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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