

## DESCRIPTION

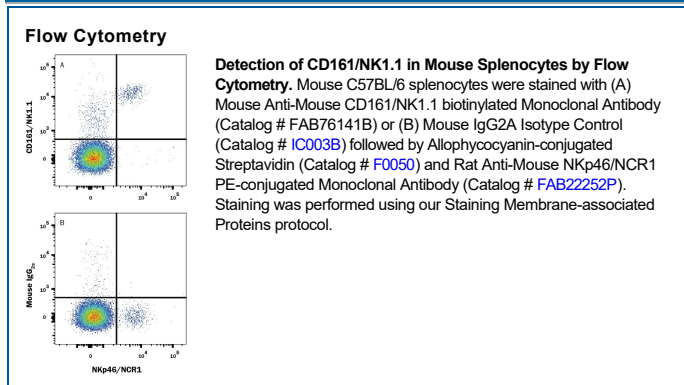
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Mouse
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects mouse CD161/NK1.1 in Flow Cytometry.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2A</sub> Clone # PK136
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
<b>Immunogen</b>	NK-1+ cells from mouse spleen and bone marrow Accession # AAH61168
<b>Conjugate</b>	Biotin Excitation Wavelength: N/A nm Emission Wavelength: N/A nm
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.  *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
<b>Flow Cytometry</b>	10 $\mu$ L/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	C57BL/6 splenocytes

## DATA



## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

**Shipping** The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

**Stability & Storage** **Do not freeze.**

- 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

## BACKGROUND

NK-1.1 surface antigen is encoded by the NKR-P1B/NKR-P1C gene, also known as CD161b/CD161c and Ly-55. It is expressed on NK cells and NK-T cells in some mouse strains, including C57BL/6, FVB/N, and NZB, but not AKR, BALB/c, CBA/J, C3H, DBA/1, DBA/2, NOD, SJL, and 129. Expression of NKR-P1C antigen has been correlated with lysis of tumor cells in vitro and rejection of bone marrow allografts in vivo. NK-1.1 has also been shown to play a role in NK cell activation, IFN- $\gamma$  production, and cytotoxic granule release. NK-1.1 and DX5 are commonly used as mouse NK cell markers. The PK136 antibody has been reported to deplete NK cells, induce redirected lysis, block NK cell function, and induce NK cell proliferation.