

Human CD7 Alexa Fluor® 700-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse $\lg G_{2B}$ Clone # 848438

Catalog Number: FAB7579N

DESCRIPTION				
Species Reactivity	Human Detects human CD7 in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse CD7 is observed.			
Specificity				
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 848438			
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant			
Immunogen	Human embryonic kidney cell line HEK293-derived human CD7 Ala26-Pro180 Accession # P09564			
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 700 Excitation Wavelength: 675-700 nm Emission Wavelength: 723 nm			
Formulation	Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.			
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.			

APPLICATIO				

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 μg/10 ⁶ cells	Human peripheral blood lymphocytes

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below

Stability & Storage Protect from light. Do not freeze

12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

CD7 (Cluster of Differentiation Antigen 7; also Leu-9, TP41 and GP40) is a 40-44 kDa member of the Ig-superfamily of proteins. It shows restricted expression, being found on fetal thymocytes, CD34* myeloid and lymphoid progenitor cells, memory CLA- CD45RA* T cells, and CD56* IFN-y secreting NK cells. CD7 binds to both SECTM1/K12 and galectin-1, and when bound to the latter, initiates complex formation with CD43 in cis. Activation of CD7 may result in either cell proliferation or apoptosis, suggesting a context-dependent signaling mechanism. Mature human CD7 is a 215 amino acid (aa) type I transmembrane glycoprotein. It contains a 155 aa extracellular region (aa 26-180) that shows one V-type Iq-like domain (aa 26-130), and a 39 aa C-terminal cytoplasmic domain. There is one potential alternative splice variant that contains a 79 aa substitution for aa 133-240. Over aa 26-180, human CD7 shares only 43% aa sequence identity with mouse CD7.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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