

## Mouse E-Cadherin Fluorescein-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Rat IgG<sub>2A</sub> Clone # 114420

Catalog Number: FAB7481F 100 Tests, 25 Tests

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Mouse		
Specificity	Detects mouse E-Cadherin in direct ELISAs and Western blots.		
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG <sub>2A</sub> Clone # 114420		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse E-Cadherin Asp157-Val709 (predicted) Accession # P09803		
Conjugate	Fluorescein Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm (FITC)		
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

#### **APPLICATIONS**

DATA

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μL/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below

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Detection of E-Cadherin in D3 Mouse Cell Line by Flow Cytometry. D3 mouse embryonic stem cell line was stained with Rat Anti-Mouse E-Cadherin Fluoresceinconjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog #FAB7481F, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog #IC006F, open histogram). Cells were stained in a buffer containing Ca<sup>2+</sup> and Mg<sup>2+</sup>. View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

#### PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

• 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

### BACKGROUND

Epithelial (E) - Cadherin (ECAD), also known as cell-CAM120/80 in the human, uvomorulin in the mouse, Arc-1 in the dog, and L-CAM in the chicken, is a member of the cadherin family of cell adhesion molecules. Cadherins are calcium-dependent transmembrane proteins, which bind to one another in a homophilic manner. On their cytoplasmic side, they associate with the three catenins,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , and  $\gamma$  (plakoglobin). This association links the cadherin protein to the cytoskeleton. Without association with the catenins, the cadherins are non-adhesive. Cadherins play a role in development, specifically in tissue formation. They may also help to maintain tissue architecture in the adult. E-Cadherin may also play a role in tumor development, as loss of E-Cadherin has been associated with tumor invasiveness. E-Cadherin is a classical cadherin molecule. Classical cadherins consist of a large extracellular domain which contains DXD and DXNDN repeats responsible for mediating calcium-dependent adhesion, a single-pass transmembrane domain, and a short carboxy-terminal cytoplasmic domain responsible for interacting with the catenins. A soluble form of E-Cadherin can be released from epithelial cell surfaces by proteolysis. E-Cadherin contains five extracellular calcium-binding domains of approximately 110 amino acids each.

#### References:

- 1. Bussemakers, M.J.G. et al. (1993) Mol. Biol. Reports 17:123.
- 2. Overduin, M. et al. (1995) Science 267:386.
- 3. Takeichi, M. (1991) 251:1451.

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