

Human BTK Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 720101

Catalog Number: FAB7205G

100 µg

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Phospho-BTK (Y223) in direct ELISAs and Western blots.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 720101
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Phosphopeptide containing the human BTK Y223 site
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 488 Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.			
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Western Blot Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.			
Immunocytochemistry Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.			

PREPARATION AND STORAGE	
Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Bruton tyrosine kinase (BTK) is a 75 kDa cytoplasmic protein tyrosine kinase that is widely expressed in hematopoietic cells. BTK is required for B cell receptor signaling and B cell development. Defects in BTK result in X-linked agammaglobulinemia which is characterized by a severely decreased level of circulating antibodies. Like other Tec family kinases, BTK contains a Pleckstrin homology domain, a Tec homology domain, an SH3 domain, an SH2 domain, and a protein kinase domain. Association of the BTK SH2 domain with the B cell linker protein (BLNK) is required for the activation of PLCy by BTK. The autophosphorylation of Tyr223 facilitates the interaction of BTK with activated Syk. The sequence used as a peptide immunogen is identical in human, mouse and rat BTK.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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