

DESCRIPTION

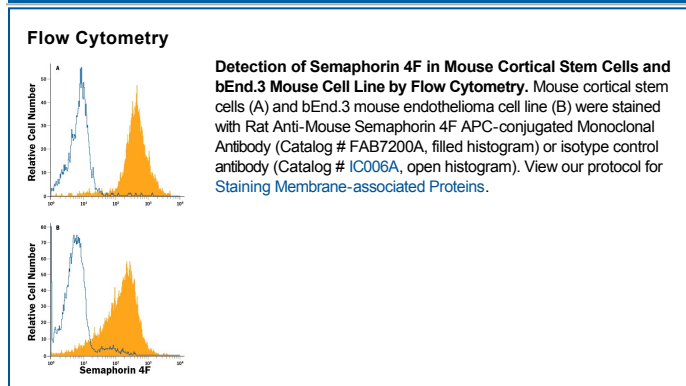
Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects mouse Semaphorin 4 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2A} Clone # 780225
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse Semaphorin 4F Arg41-Gly667 Accession # Q9Z123
Conjugate	Allophycocyanin Excitation Wavelength: 620-650 nm Emission Wavelength: 660-670 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μ L/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

Semaphorin 4F (Sema4F), also known as Sema W, is a 90-100 kDa class IV member of the semaphorin family of proteins. It is expressed by select cell types, including Schwann cells and neurons, and likely acts as an inhibitor of cell proliferation by Schwann cells, and a regulator of postsynaptic glutamatergic synapses on neuron dendrites. Mature mouse Sema4F is a type I transmembrane protein that is 737 amino acids (aa) in length. It contains a 627 aa extracellular region (aa 41-667) that is characterized by the presence of one Sema domain (aa 71-493), a PSI region (aa 518-569), and a C2-type Ig-like domain (aa 586-641). Over aa 41-667, mouse Sema4F shares 92% and 98% aa sequence identity with human and rat Sema4F, respectively.