

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Collagen IV α 1 in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant human Collagen I alpha 1, III alpha 1, XIII alpha 1v4, XXIII alpha 1, or recombinant mouse Collagen XXV alpha 1 is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 577238
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human Collagen IV α 1 Ser1441-Thr1669 Accession # P02462
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 405 Excitation Wavelength: 405 nm Emission Wavelength: 421 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Immunocytochemistry Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

COL4A1 (collagen IV α 1) is a 185 kDa member of the type IV collagen family. It is a secreted glycoprotein that is expressed by multiple cell types, including fibroblasts, keratinocytes and endothelial cells. Two COL4A1 molecules interact with a 170 kDa α 2 chain to form a collagen IV triple helix. This helix further interacts with other helices to generate covalent oligomers that form a scaffold in the basement membrane. Mature human COL4A1 is 1642 amino acids (aa) in length. It has an N-terminal "7S" proregion (aa 28-172), a central collagenous domain that contains multiple Gly-based repeats (aa 173-1440), and a C-terminal domain that is proteolytically cleaved to generate a 25-28 kDa NC1 globular segment that has potent antiangiogenic activity (aa 1441-1669). Multiple splice forms exist. One shows a deletion of aa 499-849, a second shows a seven aa substitution for aa 513-1669, and a third shows a seven aa substitution for aa 958-1669. Over aa 1441-1669, human COL4A1 is 97% aa identical to mouse COL4A1.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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