

DESCRIPTION

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| Species Reactivity | Mouse |
| Specificity | Detects mouse IL-3 R β in direct ELISAs. Cross-reactivity with AIC2B was not tested. |
| Source | Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2A} Clone # 130705 |
| Purification | Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant |
| Immunogen | Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse IL-3 R β His23-Trp440 Accession # P26954 |
| Conjugate | Alexa Fluor 405 Excitation Wavelength: 405 nm Emission Wavelength: 421 nm |
| Formulation | Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions. |

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

| | Recommended Concentration | Sample |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Flow Cytometry | 0.25-1 μ g/10 ⁶ cells | DA3 mouse myeloma cell line |

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage **Protect from light. Do not freeze.**

- 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

Interleukin 3 (IL-3) is a pleiotropic cytokine produced primarily by activated T cells or mast cells. IL-3 stimulates the proliferation and differentiation of hemopoietic cells including the pluripotent hematopoietic stem cells as well as various lineage-committed cells. The biological effects of IL-3 on the various cell types are mediated by the binding of IL-3 to specific cell surface receptor complexes. The functional high-affinity IL-3 receptor is a heterodimer consisting of a ligand binding α subunit and the β subunit. The α subunit alone binds IL-3 with low affinity. The β subunit is required for the high-affinity binding of IL-3 to the heterodimeric receptor complex. The β subunit has also been found to be a component of the high-affinity receptor complex for IL-5 and GM-CSF and is also referred to as the β common (β c) chain. In the mouse, there are two IL-3 R β proteins. The first identified mouse IL-3 R β was also called AIC2A and binds IL-3 with low affinity (1). The second mIL-3 R β was referred to as AIC2B (2). AIC2B doesn't bind IL-3 and is the homolog of the human IL-3 R β . AIC2A was found to be the result of a gene duplication event. Both the α and the β subunits are members of the cytokine receptor superfamily (3).

References:

1. Itoh, N. *et al.* (1990) *Science* **247**:324.
2. Gorman, D.M. *et al.* (1990) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **87**:5459.
3. Schrader, J.W. in *Cytokine Reference*, (2001) J.J. Oppenheim and M. Feldmann, eds. Academic Press, New York, p. 1899.

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