

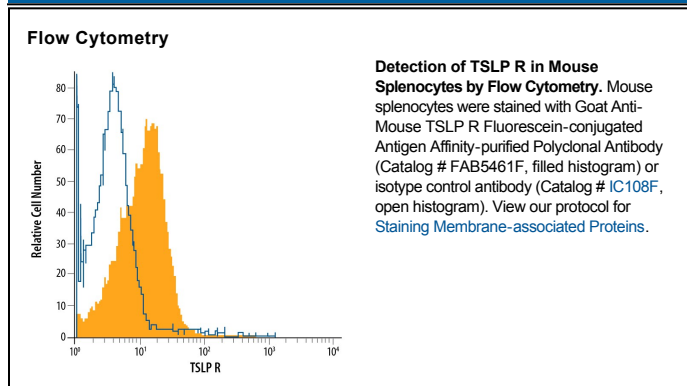
DESCRIPTION	
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Mouse
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects mouse TSLP R in direct ELISAs and Western blots.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal Goat IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen Affinity-purified
<b>Immunogen</b>	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse TSLP R Ala20-Leu233 Accession # BAA92159
<b>Conjugate</b>	Fluorescein Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm (FITC)
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.  *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

## APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
<b>Flow Cytometry</b>	10 $\mu$ L/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below

## DATA



## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Protect from light. Do not freeze.</b> ● 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

## BACKGROUND

TSLP R, also named Delta (1) and CRLM-2 (2) (cytokine receptor-like module-2), was originally cloned as a novel type 1 cytokine receptor with similarity to the common gamma chain. It was subsequently identified to be a subunit of the cellular receptor for the IL-7-like cytokine TSLP and termed TSLP R (3). The TSLP R cDNA encodes a 359 amino acid (aa) residue type 1 membrane protein with a 24 aa residue signal peptide, a 206 aa residue extracellular domain that showed 24% sequence identity with the mouse common  $\gamma$  receptor, a 23 aa residue transmembrane domain, and a 106 aa residue cytoplasmic domain. The cytoplasmic domain of TSLP R contains a membrane-proximal box1 motif which is known to be important for association with JAKs. An alternatively spliced mRNA variant encoding a soluble TSLP R has also been reported (2). TSLP R expression is ubiquitous in the immune and hematopoietic cells, but is up-regulated in Th2-skewed cells. Cells expressing TSLP R alone bind TSLP with low affinity. Co-expression of TSLP R and IL-7 R $\alpha$  is required for high-affinity TSLP binding and signal transduction (3, 4).

### References:

1. Fujio, K. *et al.* (2000) *Blood* **95**:2204.
2. Hiroyama, T. *et al.* (2000) *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* **272**:224.
3. Park, L.S. *et al.* (2000) *J. Exp. Med.* **192**:659.
4. Pandey, A. *et al.* (2000) *Nat. Immunol.* **1**:59.