

Human/Mouse/Rat Park7/DJ-1 Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2A} Clone # 925805R Catalog Number: FAB39951G

100 µg

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse/Rat	
Specificity	Detects human, mouse, and rat PARK-7 in Western blots. In sandwich immunoassays, it is specific for human PARK-7.	
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2A} Clone # 925805R	
Purification	Protein A or G purified from cell culture supernatant	
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant human PARK-7 Ala2-Asp189 Accession # Q99497	
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 488 Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm	
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide	
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.	

APPLICATIONS		
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.		
Knockout Validated	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.	
Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.	
ELISA	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.	
Immunocytochemistry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.	

PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.	
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied	

BACKGROUND

Park7, also known as DJ-1, is a cytoplasmic protein that belongs to the ThiJ/Pfp1/DJ-1 superfamily of highly conserved proteins that function as protein chaperones, catalases, proteases and kinases. Park7 is widely expressed in the brain as well as in peripheral tissues. It exists as a homodimer that can be localized in the cytoplasm, nucleus and mitochondria. Park7 is a redox-sensitive protein that has been ascribed various functions including that as a redox sensor and antioxidant protein. Mutations in Park7 are associated with a small percentage of hereditary early onset Parkinson's disease. Human and mouse Park7 share 92% amino acid sequence identity.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

This product is provided under an agreement between Life Technologies Corporation and R&D Systems, Inc, and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product is subject to one or more US patents and corresponding non-US equivalents, owned by Life Technologies Corporation and its affiliates. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components (1) in manufacturing; (2) to provide a service, information, or data to an unaffiliated third party for payment; (3) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; (4) to resell, sell, or otherwise transfer this product or its components to any third party, or for any other commercial purpose. Life Technologies Corporation will not assert a claim against the buyer of the infringement of the above patents based on the manufacture, use or sale of a commercial product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components was employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than research, contact Life Technologies Corporation, Cell Analysis Business Unit, Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402, Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0354.

Rev. 9/21/2025 Page 1 of 1

China | info.cn@bio-techne.com TEL: 400.821.3475