

# Human Activin RIIA APC-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG<sub>2A</sub> Clone # 126706

Catalog Number: FAB340A

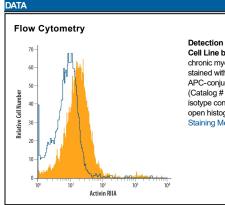
100 Tests

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human Activin RIIA in direct ELISAs and Western blots. Does not cross-react with recombinant human (rh) Activin RIA, rhActivin RIB, or rhActivin RIIB.	
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2A</sub> Clone # 126706	
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant	
Immunogen	S. frugiperda insect ovarian cell line Sf 21-derived recombinant human Activin RIIA Ala20-Pro134 Accession # P27037	
Conjugate	Allophycocyanin Excitation Wavelength: 620-650 nm Emission Wavelength: 660-670 nm	
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.	
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.	

#### APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μL/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below



Detection of Activin RIIA in K562 Human Cell Line by Flow Cytometry. K562 human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line was stained with Mouse Anti-Human Activin RIIA APC-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB340A, filled histogram) or isotype control antibody (Catalog # IC003A, open histogram). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

• 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

#### BACKGROUND

Activin isoforms and other members of the TGF-β superfamily exert their biological effects by binding to heteromeric complexes of a type I and a type II serine-threonine kinase receptor, both of which are essential for signal transduction. To date, seven type I and five type II receptors, including the two type I and the two type II activin receptors, designated ActR-I(A), ActR-IB, ActR-II(A) and ActR-IIB, have been cloned from mammals. Through alternative mRNA splicing, multiple ActR-IIB isoforms can also be generated, adding to the complexity of the activin receptor system. Different activin isoforms bind with different high-affinities to the various type II isoforms. Type I activin receptors do not bind directly to activin, but will associate with the type II receptor-activin complex and initiate signal transduction. Besides the activin isoforms, ActR-II will also bind inhibin, BMP-2 and BMP-7 with lower affinities. ActR-I can also bind and form signaling complexes with the BMP-2/T-bound BMPR-II. Activin type II receptors are highly conserved. Human, mouse and rat type II activin receptors share greater than 98% amino acid sequence homology. Recombinant soluble activin type II receptors bind activin with high affinity, and are potent activin antagonists.

### References:

- 1. Attisano, L. et al. (1996) Mol. and Cell. Biol. 16:1066.
- 2. Woodruff, T.K. (1998) Biochem. Pharmacology, 55:953.

Rev. 2/6/2018 Page 1 of 1

