

DESCRIPTION

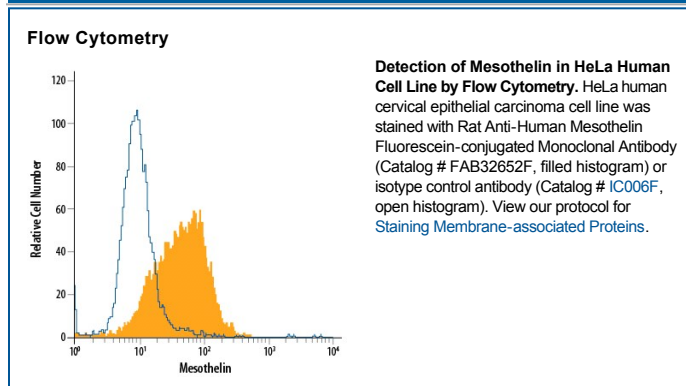
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Mesothelin in direct ELISAs.
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2A} Clone # 420411
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human Mesothelin Glu296-Gly580 Accession # AAH09272
Conjugate	Fluorescein Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm (FITC)
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μ L/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

Mesothelin is a 40 kDa glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored glycoprotein that is expressed on mesothelial cells in the pleura, pericardium and peritoneum and overexpressed in mesotheliomas and ovarian or pancreatic adenocarcinoma. Mesothelin is a product of the CAK-1 gene, which also encodes megakaryocyte-potentiating factor (MPF). Mature human mesothelin shares 60% amino acid identity with either mouse or rat mesothelin. Two variant forms exist; variant 1 has an eight amino acid (1 kDa) insertion and is rarely expressed, while variant 2 is a truncated form secreted in the majority of ovarian cancers but rarely found in normal individuals.