

Human CD200 Alexa Fluor® 700-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG₁ Clone # 325516

Catalog Number: FAB27241N

100 µg

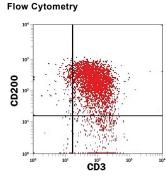
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human CD200 in direct ELISAs. In direct ELISAs, no cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse CD200 is observed.		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 325516		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human CD200 Gln31-Gly232 Accession # P41217.3		
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 700 Excitation Wavelength: 675-700 nm Emission Wavelength: 723 nm		
Formulation	Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

APPLICATIONS

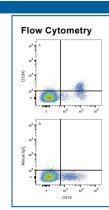
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 μg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



Detection of CD200 in Th17
Differentiated Human PBMCs by Flow
Cytometry. Th17 differentiated human
peripheral blood mononuclear cells
(PBMCs) were stained with Mouse AntiHuman CD200 Alexa Fluor® 700-conjugated
Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog #
FAB27241N) and Mouse Anti-Human CD3ɛ
PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody
(Catalog # FAB100P). Quadrant markers
were set based on control antibody staining
(Catalog # IC002N). View our protocol for
Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.



Detection of CD200 in Human Blood Lymphocytes by Flow Cytometry. Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with Mouse Anti-Human CD19 PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB4867P) and either (A) Mouse Anti-Human CD200 Alexa Fluor® 700-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB27241N) or (B) Mouse IgG₁ Alexa Fluor 700 Isotype Control (Catalog # IC002N). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

• 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

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BACKGROUND

CD200, also known as OX-2, is a 45 kDa transmembrane immunoregulatory protein that belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily (1, 2). The human CD200 cDNA encodes a 278 amino acid (aa) precursor that includes a 30 aa signal sequence, a 202 aa extracellular domain (ECD), a 27 aa transmembrane segment, and a 19 aa cytoplasmic domain. The ECD is composed of one Ig-like V-type domain and one Ig-like C2-type domain (3). A splice variant of CD200 has been described and has a truncated cytoplasmic tail. Within the ECD, human CD200 shares 76% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat CD200. CD200 is widely but not ubiquitously expressed (4). Its receptor (CD200R) is restricted primarily to mast cells, basophils, macrophages, and dendritic cells, which suggests myeloid cell regulation as the major function of CD200 (5-7). CD200 knockout mice are characterized by increased macrophage number and activation and are predisposed to autoimmune disorders (8). CD200 and CD200R associate *via* their respective N-terminal Ig-like domains (9). In myeloid cells, CD200R initiates inhibitory signals following receptor-ligand contact (6, 7, 10). In T cells, however, CD200 functions as a co-stimulatory molecule independent of the CD28 pathway (11). Several additional CD200R-like molecules have been identified in human and mouse, but their capacity to interact with CD200 is controversial (12, 13). Several viruses encode CD200 homologs which are expressed on infected cells during the lytic phase (14, 15). Like CD200 itself, viral CD200 homologs also suppress myeloid cell activity, enabling increased viral propagation (5, 14-16).

References:

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