

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Carnosine Dipeptidase 1/CNDP1 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 352213
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human Carnosine Dipeptidase 1/CNDP1 Pro28-His507 Accession # Q96KN2
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 647 Excitation Wavelength: 650 nm Emission Wavelength: 668 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Neutralization	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Immunoprecipitation	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

The human CNDP1 gene encodes carnosine dipeptidase 1, a member of the M20 family of metalloproteases (1, 2). Also known as X-His dipeptidase, glutamate carboxypeptidase-like protein 2 (CPGL-2) or carnosinase 1 (CN1), CNDP1 is a secreted dipeptidase with a narrow specificity for Xaa-His dipeptides including those with Xaa = β-Ala (carnosine) and Xaa = γ-aminobutyric acid (homocarnosine), two naturally occurring dipeptides with potential neuroprotective and neurotransmitter functions in the brain. In comparison, a closely related protein known as CNDP2, CPGL or CN2, is a cytosolic nonspecific dipeptidase. CNDP1 consists of a signal peptide (residues 1 to 26) and the mature chain (residues 27 to 507). The amino acid sequence of human CNDP1 is 97%, 85%, 82% and 67% identical to that of chimpanzee, canine, mouse/rat and chicken.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

This product is provided under an agreement between Life Technologies Corporation and R&D Systems, Inc, and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product is subject to one or more US patents and corresponding non-US equivalents, owned by Life Technologies Corporation and its affiliates. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components (1) in manufacturing; (2) to provide a service, information, or data to an unaffiliated third party for payment; (3) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; (4) to resell, sell, or otherwise transfer this product or its components to any third party, or for any other commercial purpose. Life Technologies Corporation will not assert a claim against the buyer of the infringement of the above patents based on the manufacture, use or sale of a commercial product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components was employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than research, contact Life Technologies Corporation, Cell Analysis Business Unit, Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402, Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0354.