

DESCRIPTION

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| Species Reactivity | Human |
| Specificity | Detects human CCRL2/CRAM-A/B. Stains human CCRL2-transfected cells but not irrelevant transfectants. Detects both the CRAM-A and CRAM-B isoforms. |
| Source | Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 152254 |
| Purification | Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant |
| Immunogen | NS0 mouse myeloma cell line transfected with human CRAM-A Met1-Val356 (Val180Met) Accession # NP_001124382 |
| Conjugate | Alexa Fluor 350 Excitation Wavelength: 346 nm Emission Wavelength: 442 nm |
| Formulation | Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions. |

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

| | Recommended Concentration | Sample |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Flow Cytometry | 0.25-1 µg/10 ⁶ cells | HL-60 human acute promyelocytic leukemia cell line |

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

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| Shipping | The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. |
| Stability & Storage | Protect from light. Do not freeze. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied. |

BACKGROUND

CCRL2, also known as CRAM-A, CRAM-B, CKRX, and HCR, is a seven-transmembrane G-protein linked receptor that shares homology with other human chemokine receptors. The isoforms CRAM-A and CRAM-B differ at their N-termini by the inclusion of an additional 12 amino acids on CRAM-A. CCRL2/CRAM-A/B is expressed at varying levels on a variety of peripheral blood cells including monocytes, neutrophils, and T cells (1, 2).

References:

1. Fan, P. *et al.* (1998) *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* **243**:264.
2. Migeotte, I. *et al.* (2002) *Eur. J. Immunol.* **32**:494.

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