

Human LAG-3 Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 874512

Catalog Number: FAB23196G 100 µg

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human LAG-3 in direct ELISAs.	
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 874512	
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant	
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human LAG-3 Leu23-Leu450 Accession # P18627	
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 488 Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm	
Formulation	Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide.	
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.	

APPLICATIONS				
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.				
	Recommended	Sample		
	Concentration			
Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 μg/10 ⁶ cells	HEK293 Human Cell Line Transfected with Human LAG-3 and eGFP		

PREPARATION AND STORAGE			
Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.		
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. • 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.		

BACKGROUND

LAG-3 (Lymphocyte activation gene-3), also known as CD223, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF). The mature LAG-3 protein is a 496 amino acid (aa) membrane protein with a 421 aa extracellular region which contains four IgSF domains, a 21 aa transmembrane region and a 54 aa cytoplasmic region. LAG-3 and CD4 molecules share < 20% aa sequence homology but have a similar structure (1, 2). Both molecules bind to MHC class II. LAG-3 binds to MHC class II with higher affinity compared to CD4. Both LAG-3 and CD4 genes are located on the distal part of the short arm of chromosome 12.

LAG-3 is an activation-induced molecule, expressed on activated T cells and NK cells, but not on resting T cells. Studies using LAG-3 -f- mice have shown significant delay of T cell apoptosis following antigen stimulation and increased size of memory T cells pool following infection (3, 4). It also has been reported that anti-LAG-3 antibodies up-regulate T cell activation by blocking interaction of LAG-3 and MHC class II. The study has demonstrated that LAG-3 is selectively expressed on activated CD4+CD25+T_{Reg} cells and plays a role in their suppressive activity (5). This evidence indicated, unlike the interaction of CD4 with MHC class II that plays a positive role in T cell activation, LAG-3 binds to MHC class II and negatively regulates T cell activation through LAG-3 signaling. On the other hand, studies have shown that binding of LAG-3 to MHC class II molecules on antigen presenting cells induce maturation of dendritic cells and cytokine secretion by monocytes through MHC class II signal transduction (6). Taken together, LAG-3 may have two major functions, it negatively regulates T cells activation through LAG-3 signaling and stimulates antigen presenting cells which express MHC class II.

References:

- 1. Triebel, F. et al. (1990) J. Exp. Med. 171:1393.
- 2. Baixeras, E. et al. (1992) J. Exp. Med 176:327.
- 3. Workman, C.J. and D.A. Vignali (2003) Eur. J. Immunol. 33:970.
- 4. Workman, C.J. et al. (2004) J. Immunol. 172:5450.
- 5. Huang, C.T. et al. (2004) Immunity 21:503.
- 6. Andreae, S. *et al.* (2003) Blood **102**:2130.

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