

## Human EPCR Alexa Fluor® 647-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG<sub>2B</sub> Clone # 304519 Catalog Number: FAB22451R

100 µg

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human EPCR in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs and Western blots, no cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse EPCR is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2B</sub> Clone # 304519
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human EPCR Ser18-Ser210 Accession # Q9UNN8
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 647 Excitation Wavelength: 650 nm Emission Wavelength: 668 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Shee (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS		
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.		
Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.	
Immunohistochemistry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.	

PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.	
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied	

## **BACKGROUND**

Protein C is a vitamin K-dependent serine protease that plays a major role in blood coagulation. Binding of Protein C to EPCR (endothelial protein C receptor) leads to the proteolytic activation of PAR1 (protease-activated receptor 1) on endothelial cells and subsequent up-regulation of Protein C-induced genes. EPCR is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein in the CD1/MHC family. It is expressed most strongly in the endothelial cells of arteries and veins in heart and lung. Membrane bound EPCR is released by metalloproteolytic cleavage to generate the soluble receptor. The extracellular domain of human and mouse EPCR shares approximately 61% amino acid sequence homology.

## PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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