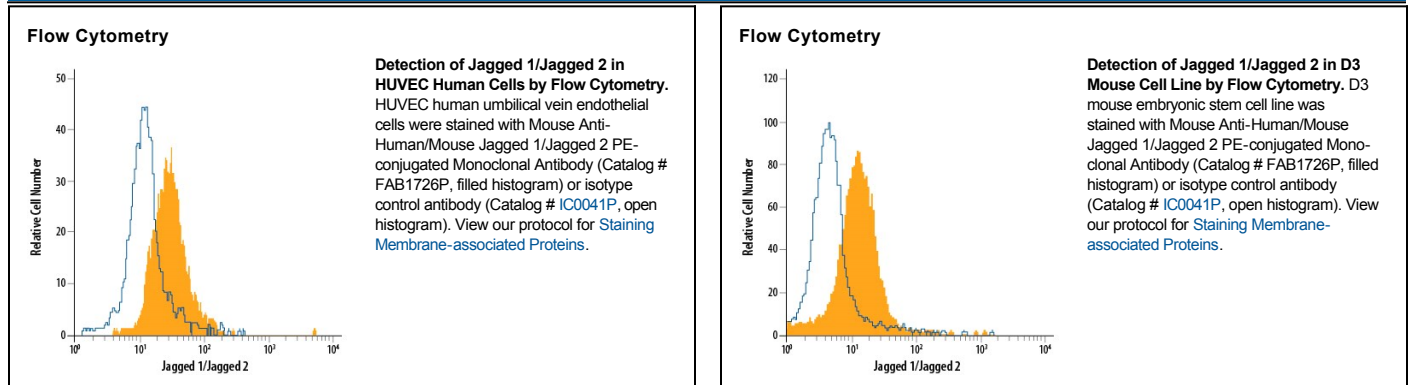


DESCRIPTION	
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human/Mouse
<b>Specificity</b>	Stains human Jagged 1 and Jagged 2 transfectants but not the parental cell line by flow cytometry. Detects endogenous human and mouse Jagged 1 and Jagged 2 by flow cytometry.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>2B</sub> Clone # 241002
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
<b>Immunogen</b>	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human Jagged 2 Met27-Asp307 Accession # Q9Y219
<b>Conjugate</b>	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.  *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

**APPLICATIONS**  
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
<b>Flow Cytometry</b>	10 $\mu$ L/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below

**DATA**



**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Protect from light. Do not freeze.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.</li> </ul>

### BACKGROUND

Human Jagged 2 is a 131 kDa (predicted) member of the Delta-Serrate-Lag-2 (DSL) family of ligands. This family activates LIN12/Notch proteins and thereby regulates cell fate determination during development (1-5). It is a type 1 transmembrane protein that is synthesized as a 1238 amino acid (aa) precursor. It contains a 23 aa signal sequence, a large 1057 aa extracellular region, a 21 aa transmembrane region, and a short 137 aa cytoplasmic region. The extracellular region contains four potential N-linked glycosylation sites, a DSL domain, 16 EGF-like repeats (many of which are also sites of calcium binding), a von Willebrand factor (vWF) type C domain, and a cysteine-rich region just proximal to the transmembrane segment (2). There are two isoforms for human Jagged 2, named long and short. The short form lacks a splicing variant region (aa 421-461) that is present in the long form of the protein. Human Jagged 2 shares 90% and 87% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat Jagged 2, respectively. During murine embryonic development, Jagged 2 is expressed highest in fetal thymus, epidermis, foregut, dorsal root ganglia, and inner ear (2). In 2 week old mice, the Jagged 2 transcript is most abundant in heart, lung, thymus, skeletal muscle, brain, and testis (2). Functionally, it is suggested that Jagged 2 engages the Notch1 pathway of signal transduction (2). It is involved in the development of the mammalian limb, branchial arches, central and peripheral nervous systems, T cell lineage differentiation, natural killer cells, and the establishment of functional natural killer cell lines (3, 5, 6).

### References:

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2. Luo, B. *et al.* (1997) *Mol. Cell. Biol.* **17**:6057.
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4. Schickwann, T. *et al.* (2000) *Blood* **96**:950.
5. DeHart, S. *et al.* (2005) *Blood* **105**:3521.
6. de La Coste, A. and A.A. Freitas (2006) *Immunol. Lett.* **102**:1.