

DESCRIPTION

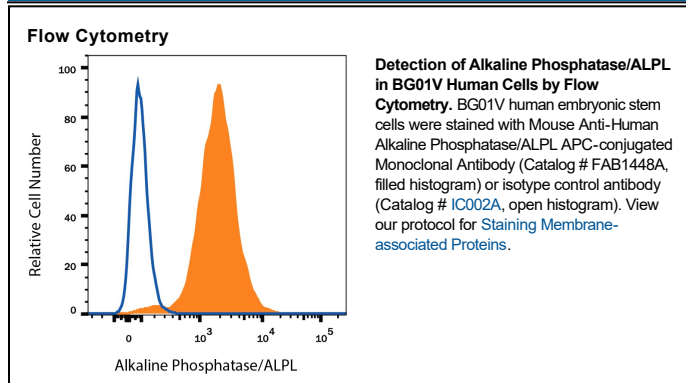
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects liver, bone and kidney Alkaline Phosphatase/ALPL from human tissue (2).
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # B4-78
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Human liver, bone and kidney-derived Alkaline Phosphatase/ALPL
Conjugate	Allophycocyanin Excitation Wavelength: 620-650 nm Emission Wavelength: 660-670 nm
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μ L/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage **Protect from light. Do not freeze.**

- 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

The liver, bone and kidney Alkaline Phosphatase, also known as tissue non-specific Alkaline Phosphatase, is a Glycosyl Phosphatidylinositol (GPI) anchored protein. Human liver/bone/kidney Alkaline Phosphatase shares 90% amino acid sequence homology with the mouse enzyme.

References:

1. Lawson, G.M. *et al.* (1985) Clin. Chem. **31**:381.
2. Gronthos, S. *et al.* (1999) J. Bone Miner. Res. **14**:47.
3. Dorheim, M.A. *et al.* (1993) J. Cell Physiol. **154**:317.