

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects mouse Frizzled-8 in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, approximately 15% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse (rm) Frizzled-6 is observed and no cross-reactivity with rmFrizzled-1, -2, -3, -4, or -7 is observed.
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2A} Clone # 163842
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse Frizzled-8 Ala28-Pro173 (predicted) Accession # Q61091
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 488 Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Wnt signaling is involved in a variety of developmental processes including cell fate determination, cell polarity, tissue patterning and control of cell proliferation. Members of the Frizzled family of proteins serve as receptors for the Wnt signaling pathway. The founding member of this family was identified in *Drosophila* based on its role in tissue polarity in the adult cuticle and named for the disorganized appearance of bristle hairs on the mutant. Mouse Frizzled-8 (mFrz-8) was originally cloned in a PCR screen to identify additional Frizzled family members in vertebrates. There are nine murine Frizzled genes and 10 human Frizzled genes identified to date. The predicted structure of Frizzled proteins is similar among all family members, containing a divergent N-terminal signal peptide, a highly conserved extracellular cysteine-rich domain, a seven-pass transmembrane region, and a variable-length C-terminal tail. The most conserved regions of the Frizzled proteins are the extracellular cysteine-rich domain (CRD) which spans approximately 120 amino acid residues and contains 10 invariant cysteines, and the seven transmembrane domains. Mouse Frizzled-8 is 685 amino acid residues long and shows 95% and 82% amino acid identity to human and *Xenopus* Frizzled-8, respectively. Like other family members, Frizzled-8 has a complex expression pattern in the mouse embryo. It is expressed in the neural tube, brain, eye, somites, gut and bronchial arches.

One of the best-characterized Wnt signal transduction pathways is the canonical Wnt/β-catenin pathway. It is involved in diverse biological mechanisms such as dorsal/ventral development in *Xenopus* embryos and mammalian tumor formation, acting via stabilization of β-catenin. Frizzled-8 is implicated in this pathway based on its ability to bind Wnt ligands that stimulate β-catenin stabilization and to influence the formation of secondary axes in *Xenopus* embryos. The mFrz-8 CRD has been demonstrated to bind cell surface *Xenopus* Wnt-8 (XWnt-8) protein, indicating that this region is sufficient for binding ligand. In addition, the CRD portion of Frizzled-8 has potent antagonizing activity of Wnt signaling as assayed by inhibition of secondary axes induced by Xwnt-8 mRNA. The crystal structure of mFrz-8 CRD exhibits a dimer interface that is also present in sFRP-3, and suggests that CRD dimerization may be important for Wnt signaling.

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