

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects recombinant mouse CD11b/Integrin alpha M in Western blot.
Source	Monoclonal Rat IgG _{2B} Clone # 908649
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	Chinese hamster ovary cell line CHO-derived recombinant mouse Integrin alpha M beta 2 Phe17-Asn1105 (Integrin alpha M), Gln24-Asn702 (Integrin beta 2) Accession # NP_032427 (Integrin alpha M) & P11835 (Integrin beta 2)
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 647 Excitation Wavelength: 650 nm Emission Wavelength: 668 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 µg/10 ⁶ cells	RAW 264.7 Mouse Monocyte/Macrophage Cell Line

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.

BACKGROUND

The Integrin family proteins are heterodimeric transmembrane receptors composed of an α and a β subunit. The Integrin αM subunit, also known as MAC-1α subunit or CD11b, combines with the Integrin β2 subunit (CD18) to form the non-covalent heterodimer Integrin αM/β2, also known as MAC-1 and complement receptor type 3 (CR3). Integrin αM/β2 is expressed on granulocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells and natural killer cells. Upon activation, αM/β2 can bind several ligands (including ICAM-1, fibrinogen, and the C3 complement fragment, C3bi) to mediate phagocyte adhesion, migration and ingestion of complement-opsonized particles (1,2).

References:

1. Beller, D.J. *et al.* (1982) *J. Exp. Med.* **156**:1000.
2. Ault, K.A. and T.A. Springer (1981) *J. Immunol.* **126**:359.

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