

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	SARS-CoV-2
Specificity	Detects SARS-CoV-2 NSP16 and NSP16/NSP10 complex in direct ELISAs
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 1044331
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived SARS-CoV-2 NSP16/NSP10 protein SARS-CoV-2 NSP16 (Ser1-Asn298) and SARS-CoV-2 NSP10 (Ala1-Gln139) Accession # YP_009725311.1 and YP_009725306.1
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 488 Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
ELISA	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Non-structural protein 16 (NSP16) and NSP10 are two of several functional proteins released by ORF1a-encoded protease cleavage of the pp1a and pp1ab replicase polyproteins expressed from the coronavirus (CoV) genome (1). The NSPs are involved in the replication and transcription of the viral RNA and not incorporated within the virion particles. Coronaviruses include various highly pathogenic strains such as SARS-CoV, MERS-CoV and SARS-CoV2 that have had significant impact on humans as well as strains that have negatively impacted livestock. NSP16 is a small monomeric 298 amino acid protein with a characteristic fold of the class I methyltransferase (MTase) family with a seven-stranded B-sheet surrounded by alpha-helices and loops that bind the cap and form a cap-binding groove and S-adenosylmethionine (SAM) cleft (2,3). NSP10 is a small 139 amino acid protein capable of forming independent dodecameric structures composed of four identical trimers where each monomer is capable of binding two zinc ions (4,5). Both the NSP16 and NSP10 SARS-CoV2 sequences are highly conserved across coronaviruses (3). NSP16 catalyzes 2'-O-MTase activity specifically on capped N7-methylated RNA through methylation of the 2'-hydroxy group of adenine using SAM as a methyl donor (6). The viral RNA cap structure protects it from degradation, promotes mRNA translation, and prevents the viral RNA from being recognized by innate immune mechanisms (7). NSP16 was shown to interact strongly with NSP10 (8) in a monomeric form via hydrophobic interactions and hydrogen bonds in the interface (3). The MTase activity of NSP16 requires interaction with NSP10 (2,7). NSP10 interaction extends and narrows the RNA-binding groove that accommodates the substrate and stabilizes NSP16 (2,3,9). The dimerization interface between NSP16 and NSP10 is critical and can be used as a target to effectively reduce replication and pathogenesis (10,11).

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

This product is provided under an agreement between Life Technologies Corporation and R&D Systems, Inc, and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product is subject to one or more US patents and corresponding non-US equivalents, owned by Life Technologies Corporation and its affiliates. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components (1) in manufacturing; (2) to provide a service, information, or data to an unaffiliated third party for payment; (3) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; (4) to resell, sell, or otherwise transfer this product or its components to any third party, or for any other commercial purpose. Life Technologies Corporation will not assert a claim against the buyer of the infringement of the above patents based on the manufacture, use or sale of a commercial product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components was employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than research, contact Life Technologies Corporation, Cell Analysis Business Unit, Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402, Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0354.