

## DESCRIPTION

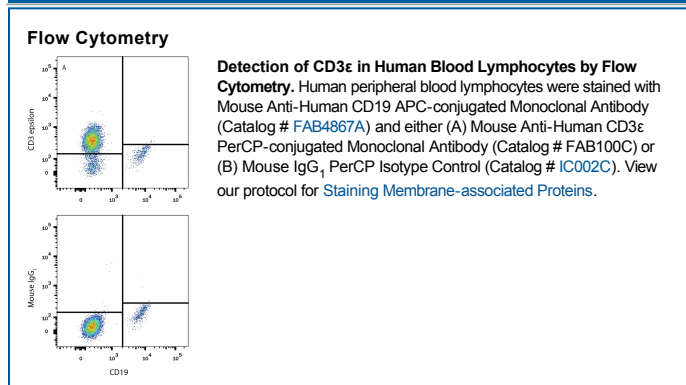
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Specificity</b>	Recognizes the ε-chain of the CD3/T cell antigen receptor complex (McMichael, A.J. <i>et al.</i> (1987) <i>Leucocyte Typing III: White Cell Differentiation Antigens</i> , Oxford University Press, New York; Knapp, W. <i>et al.</i> (1989) <i>Leucocyte Typing IV: White Cell Differentiation Antigens</i> , Oxford University Press, New York; Schlossman, S. <i>et al.</i> (1995) <i>Leucocyte Typing V: White Cell Differentiation Antigens</i> , Oxford University Press, New York).
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>1</sub> Clone # UCHT1
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
<b>Immunogen</b>	Human thymocytes (1)
<b>Conjugate</b>	PerCP (Peridinin-chlorophyll Protein Complex) Excitation Wavelength: 482 and 564 nm Emission Wavelength: 675 nm
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.  *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	<b>Recommended Concentration</b>	<b>Sample</b>
<b>Flow Cytometry</b>	10 μL/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below

## DATA



## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Protect from light. Do not freeze.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.</li> </ul>

## BACKGROUND

CD3ε is one of at least four invariant proteins that associate with the variable antigen recognition chains of the T cell receptor and function in signal transduction.

### References:

1. Beverly, P.C.L. and R.E. Callard (1981) *Eur. J. Immunol.* **11**:329.