

Human FFAR2/GPR43 Alexa Fluor® 750-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG_{2B} Clone # 1000624 Catalog Number: FAB10082S

100 µg, 25 Tests

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human FFAR2/GPR43 in direct ELISAs.		
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG _{2B} Clone # 1000624		
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human FFAR2/GPR43 Met1-Glu330 Accession # O15552		
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 750 Excitation Wavelength: 749 nm Emission Wavelength: 775 nm		
Formulation	Supplied 0.2 mg/mL in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

APPLICATIONS				
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.				
	Recommended Concentration	Sample		
Flow Cytometry	0.25-1 μg/10 ⁶ cells	HEK293 Human Cell Line Transfected with Human FFAR2/GPR43 and eGFP		

PREPARATION AND STORAGE			
Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.		
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. • 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied.		

BACKGROUND

Human Free fatty acid receptor 2 (FFA2, FFAR2, GPCR43 or GPR43) is a 330 aminoacids G-protein coupled receptor encoded by the FFAR2 gene. G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs) are seven-trans-membrane (7TM) receptors that mediate cellular responses to the majority of hormones and neurotransmitters and are common targets for drug discovery. Human GPR43/FFA2 is present in a large variety of tissues, including adipose tissue, inflammatory cells, and gastrointestinal (GI) tract and is activated by short-chain fatty acids (SCFAs). Studies on knockout mice have identified Free Fatty Acid Receptor 2 (FFAR2 or GPR43) as a critical gene in the prevention of obesity, colitis, asthma and arthritis.

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