CALCULATION OF RESULTS
Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.). Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the bovine IgG concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

TYPICAL DATA
This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

SPECIFICITY
The following factors prepared at 1 mg/mL were assayed and exhibited the following cross-reactivity:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunoglobulin</th>
<th>Isotype</th>
<th>% Cross-reactivity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bovine IgG</td>
<td>IgM</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goat IgG</td>
<td>Pan</td>
<td>≤ 0.006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheep IgG</td>
<td>Pan</td>
<td>≤ 0.006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat IgG</td>
<td>Pan</td>
<td>≤ 0.006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse IgG</td>
<td>IgG1</td>
<td>≤ 0.006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IgG2A</td>
<td>≤ 0.006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IgG2B</td>
<td>≤ 0.006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IgG3</td>
<td>≤ 0.006</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TECHNICAL HINTS & LIMITATIONS
- We recommend the use of R&D Systems'® Reagent Diluent Concentrate 3 (Catalog # DY004) to prepare Reagent Diluent for use in this assay.
- If assaying sample types other than cell culture supernates, each laboratory should develop and validate its own diluent. The diluent must not be used to dilute the Detection Antibody.
- It is important that the Reagent Diluent selected for reconstitution and dilution of the standard reflects the environment of the samples being measured.
- Avoid microbial contamination of reagents and buffers.
- A thorough and consistent wash technique is essential for proper assay performance. Wash Buffer should be dispensed forcefully and removed completely from the wells by aspiration or decanting. Remove any remaining Wash Buffer by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels.
- Individual results may vary due to differences in technique, plasticware and water sources.
- It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
- The use of PBS from tablets may interfere in this assay.

TROUBLESHOOTING
Note: For more detailed troubleshooting, please visit: www.RnDSystems.com/ELISADevelopment

Poor Standard Curve
- Improper reconstitution and/or storage of standard.
- Improper dilution of highest standard and standard curve.
- Incomplete washing and/or aspiration of wells.
- Unequal volumes added to wells/pipetting error.
- Incorrect incubation times or temperatures.

Poor Precision
- Unequal volumes added to wells/pipetting error.
- Incomplete washing and/or aspiration of wells.
- Unequal mixing of reagents.

Low or No color Development
- Inadequate volume of substrate added to wells.
- Incorrect incubation times or temperatures.
OTHER MATERIALS & SOLUTIONS REQUIRED

DuoSet® Ancillary Reagent Kit 3 (5 plates):
(R&D Systems®, Catalog # DY009) containing 96 well microplates, plate sealers, substrate solution, stop solution, plate coating buffer (PBS), wash buffer, and Reagent Diluent Concentrate 3.

The components listed above may be purchased separately:
96 well microplates: (R&D Systems®, Catalog # DY990).
Plate Sealers: (R&D Systems®, Catalog # DY992).
PBS: 137 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 8.1 mM Na₂HPO₄, 1.5 mM KH₂PO₄, pH 7.2-7.4, 0.2 μm filtered (R&D Systems®, Catalog # DY999).
Wash Buffer: 0.05% Tween® 20 in PBS, pH 7.2-7.4, 0.2 μm filtered (R&D Systems®, Catalog # WA126).
Reagent Diluent Concentrate 3: 5% Tween 20 in PBS, pH 7.2-7.4, 0.2 μm filtered (R&D Systems®, Catalog # DY009).
Stop Solution: 2 N H₂SO₄ (R&D Systems®, Catalog # DY994).

OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED

Horizontal orbital microplate shaker (0.12” orbit) capable of maintaining a speed of 500 ± 50 rpm

PRECAUTIONS

Some components in this kit contain a preservative which may cause an allergic skin reaction. Avoid breathing mist.

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this kit is an acid solution. The Color Reagent B suggested for use with this kit may cause skin, eye, and respiratory irritation. Avoid breathing fumes.

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wear hands thoroughly after handling. Refer to the MSDS on our website prior to use.

CALIBRATION

This DuoSet® is calibrated against a highly purified bovine IgG produced at R&D Systems®.

MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE CONDITIONS

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use past kit expiration date.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>PART #</th>
<th># VIALS</th>
<th>STORAGE OF OPENED/RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bovine IgG Capture Antibody</td>
<td>843467</td>
<td>1 vial</td>
<td>Refer to the lot-specific Certificate of Analysis (C of A) for storage conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bovine IgG Detection Antibody</td>
<td>843468</td>
<td>1 vial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bovine IgG Standard</td>
<td>843469</td>
<td>1 vial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. Allow all components to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation after initial reconstitution. Working dilutions should be prepared and used immediately.

Goat Anti-Bovine IgG Capture Antibody: Refer to the lot-specific C of A for amount supplied. Reconstitute with 0.5 mL of PBS. Dilute in PBS without carrier protein to the working concentration indicated on the C of A. Note: The Capture Antibody is supplied in excess for optimal stability.

HRP-Conjugated Goat Anti-Bovine IgG Detection Antibody: Refer to the lot-specific C of A for amount supplied. Dilute in Reagent Diluent to the working concentration specified on the vial label.

Bovine IgG Standard: Refer to the lot-specific C of A for amount supplied. Reconstitute with 0.5 mL of Reagent Diluent. A seven point standard curve using 2-fold serial dilutions in Reagent Diluent is recommended. Prepare 1000 μL of high standard per plate assayed at the concentration indicated on the C of A.

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

1. Dilute the Capture Antibody to the working concentration specified on the vial label using Reagent Diluent. Prepare only as much Detection Antibody as required for each assay.
2. Add 50 μL of sample or standards in Reagent Diluent, or an appropriate diluent, per well (Proceed to step 3 without washing).
3. Add 100 μL of the prepared Detection Antibody to all wells containing standards, samples, and blanks. Cover with an adhesive strip, and incubate 2 hours at room temperature on a horizontal orbital microplate shaker (0.12” orbit) set at 500 ± 50 rpm.
4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2. The plates are now ready for sample addition.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

5. Add 150 μL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature on the benchtop. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
6. Add 50 μL of Stop Solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
7. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

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