

DESCRIPTION

Source Chinese Hamster Ovary cell line, CHO-derived
Ser19-Lys352
Accession # P27467

N-terminal Sequence Analysis Ser19

Structure / Form Biotinylated protein via amines

Predicted Molecular Mass 37 kDa (unlabeled)

SPECIFICATIONS

Activity Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA.
In a 100 µL reaction mixture containing biotinylated Recombinant Mouse Wnt-3a at 50 ng/mL and Recombinant Human Frizzled-5 Fc Chimera (Catalog # 1617-FZC) dilutions, the concentration of Recombinant Human Frizzled-5 Fc Chimera that produces 50% of the maximal binding response is 2-12 ng/mL.

Measured by its ability to induce Topflash reporter activity in HEK293T human embryonic kidney cells.
Protein concentrations should be titrated based on cell type and if appropriate, passage number of the cell line.
Optimal concentrations should be determined by each laboratory for each application.

Endotoxin Level <1.0 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.

Purity >75%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS, EDTA and CHAPS. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

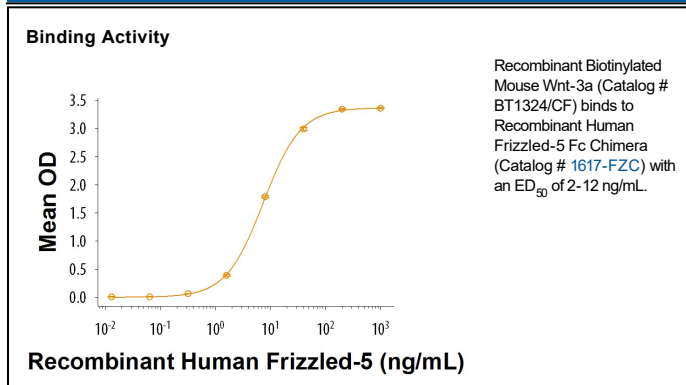
Reconstitution Reconstitute at 100 µg/mL in PBS.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

DATA



BACKGROUND

Wnt-3a is one of 19 vertebrate members of the Wingless-type MMTV integration site (Wnt) family of highly conserved cysteine-rich secreted glycoproteins important for normal developmental processes (1). Wnts bind to the cell surface Frizzled family receptors in conjunction with low-density lipoprotein receptor-related protein family receptors (LRP5 or 6) resulting in the stabilization of intracellular β -catenin levels (2). As intracellular β -catenin levels rise, β -catenin binds to TCF/LEF transcription factors leading to expression of Wnt target genes (3). Endo-IWR 1 (Catalog # 3532, # PSM1324) is a cell-permeant small molecule inhibitor of Axin turnover that suppresses Wnt signal transduction by stabilizing the β -catenin destruction complex (4). Wnt-3a is a 44 kDa secreted hydrophobic glycoprotein containing a conserved pattern of 24 cysteine residues (5). Wnt-3a has two N-linked glycosylation sites (Asn 87, Asn 298), and Ser 209 is modified with palmitoleic acid (6). Glycosylation and acylation are essential for efficient Wnt secretion and biological activity, respectively (6, 7). Mouse Wnt-3a shares 96% amino acid (aa) identity with human Wnt-3a, and 97% with bovine and canine Wnt-3a. The rat Wnt-3a precursor shares 100% aa identity with mouse Wnt-3a aa 63-352 (8), and also shares 87% aa identity with Wnt3. During embryonic development, Wnt-3a is necessary for proper development of the hippocampus, anterior-posterior patterning, somite development, and tailbud formation (9-12). Wnt-3a also promotes self-renewal of hematopoietic stem cells, neural stem cells, and embryonic stem cells (13-15).

References:

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