

## DESCRIPTION

<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human/Mouse
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects human sFRP-3 in ELISAs. In sandwich immunoassays, 100% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse sFRP-3 is observed and no cross-reactivity with recombinant human sFRP-1, -2, or -4 is observed.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal Mouse IgG <sub>1</sub> Clone # 133912
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant
<b>Immunogen</b>	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human sFRP-3 Ala33-Asn325 Accession # AAB51298
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

Human/Mouse sFRP-3 Sandwich Immunoassay		Reagent
<b>ELISA Capture</b>	2-8 µg/mL	Human/Mouse sFRP-3 Antibody (Catalog # <a href="#">MAB1921</a> )
<b>ELISA Detection</b>	0.5-2.0 µg/mL	Human/Mouse sFRP-3 Biotinylated Antibody (Catalog # <a href="#">BAM192</a> )
<b>Standard</b>		Recombinant Human sFRP-3 (Catalog # <a href="#">192-SF</a> )

## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

<b>Reconstitution</b>	Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<p><b>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul>

## BACKGROUND

Secreted Frizzled-related protein (sFRP-3), also known as FRZB, Fritz, Frzb1 and FRP-3, is expressed in the developing bone and cartilage as well as several adult tissues. It functions as an antagonist of Wnt signaling.