

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects mouse CD30/TNFRSF8 in ELISAs and Western blots. In sandwich immunoassays, less than 0.1% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) CD30, recombinant mouse (rm) TNF RI, rhTNF RI, rmTNF RII, and rhTNF RII is observed. In Western blots, less than 1% cross-reactivity with rhCD30 is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse CD30/TNFRSF8 Phe19-Thr281 Accession # Q60846
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	0.1 µg/mL	Recombinant Mouse CD30/TNFRSF8 Fc Chimera (Catalog # 852-CD)
Mouse CD30/TNFRSF8 Sandwich Immunoassay		Reagent
ELISA Capture	2-8 µg/mL	Mouse CD30/TNFRSF8 Antibody (Catalog # MAB8521)
ELISA Detection Standard	0.1-0.4 µg/mL	Mouse CD30/TNFRSF8 Biotinylated Antibody (Catalog # BAF852) Recombinant Mouse CD30/TNFRSF8 Fc Chimera (Catalog # 852-CD)

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	<p>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

CD30, also known as Ki-1 antigen and TNFRSF8, is a 120 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein belonging to the TNF receptor superfamily (1, 2). Mature mouse CD30 consists of a 264 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD) with three cysteine-rich repeats, a 27 aa transmembrane segment, and a 190 aa cytoplasmic domain (3). In contrast, human CD30 includes an additional 90 aa in the ECD and contains six cysteine-rich repeats. Within common regions of the ECD, mouse CD30 shares 53% and 80% aa sequence identity with human and rat CD30, respectively. CD30 is normally expressed on antigen-stimulated Th cells and B cells (4-6). However, it is upregulated in Hodgkin's disease (on Reed-Sternberg cells), other lymphomas, chronic inflammation, and autoimmunity (7). CD30 binds to CD30 Ligand/TNFRSF8 which is expressed on activated Th cells, monocytes, granulocytes and medullary thymic epithelial cells (1, 5). CD30 signaling costimulates antigen-induced Th0 and Th2 proliferation and cytokine secretion but favors a Th2-biased immune response (8). In the absence of antigenic stimulation, it can still induce T cell expression of IL-13 (9). CD30 contributes to thymic negative selection by inducing the apoptotic cell death of CD4⁺CD8⁺ T cells (10, 11). In B cells, CD30 ligation promotes cellular proliferation and antibody production in addition to the expression of CXCR4, CCL3, and CCL5 (5, 12). An 85-90 kDa soluble form of CD30 is shed from the cell surface by TACE-mediated cleavage (13, 14). Soluble CD30 retains the ability to bind CD30 Ligand and functions as an inhibitor of normal CD30 signaling (15).

References:

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