

Human IL-3 Rα/CD123 Biotinylated Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: BAF841

DECORUDEION	
DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human IL-3 Rα/CD123 in Western blots. In Western blots, less than 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) IL-1 sRl, rhIL-
	1 sRII, rhIL-2 sRβ, rhIL-2 sRγ, rhIL-5 sRα, and rhIL-10 sR is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	S. $frugiperda$ insect ovarian cell line Sf 21-derived recombinant human IL-3 R $lpha$ /CD123 Extracellular domain
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details.
APPLICATIONS	
Please Note: Optimal diluti	ons should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.
	Recommended Sample Concentration
Western Blot	0.1 μg/mL Recombinant Human IL-3 Rα/CD123 (Catalog # 301-R3)
PREPARATION AND	STORAGE
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
	 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Interleukin 3 is a pleiotropic cytokine produced primarily by activated T cells or mast cells. IL-3 stimulates the proliferation and differentiation of hemopoietic cells including the pluripotent hematopoietic stem cells as well as various lineage-committed cells. The biological effects of IL-3 on the various cell types are mediated by the binding of IL-3 to specific cell surface receptor complexes. The functional high-affinity human IL-3 receptor is a heterodimer consisting of a ligand binding α subunit and the β subunit. The α subunit alone binds IL-3 with low affinity. The β subunit does not bind IL-3 by itself but is required for the high-affinity binding of IL-3 to the heterodimeric receptor complex. The β subunit has also been found to be a component of the high-affinity receptor complex for IL-5 and GM-CSF. Both the α and the β subunits are members of the cytokine receptor superfamily.

References:

1. Ogorochi, T. and A. Miyajima (1994) in Guidebook to Cytokines and Their Receptors, N.A. Nicola, ed. Oxford University, New York p. 40.

