

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human IL-10 in ELISAs and Western blots. In sandwich immunoassays, less than 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant equine IL-10 is observed and less than 0.5% cross-reactivity with recombinant canine IL-10, recombinant mouse IL-10, recombinant rat IL-10, recombinant porcine IL-10, recombinant cotton rat IL-10 and recombinant feline IL-10 is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>S. frugiperda</i> insect ovarian cell line Sf 21-derived recombinant human IL-10 (R&D Systems, Catalog # 217-IL) Ser19-Asn178 Accession # P22301
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	0.1 µg/mL	Recombinant Human IL-10 (Catalog # 217-IL)
Human IL-10 Sandwich Immunoassay		Reagent
ELISA Capture	2-8 µg/mL	Human IL-10 Antibody (Catalog # MAB2172)
ELISA Capture	2-8 µg/mL	Human IL-10 Antibody (Catalog # MAB2172R)
ELISA Detection	0.1-0.4 µg/mL	Human IL-10 Biotinylated Antibody (Catalog # BAF217)
Standard		Recombinant Human IL-10 (Catalog # 1064-IL)

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	<p>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Interleukin 10, also known as cytokine synthesis inhibitory factor (CSIF), is the charter member of the IL-10 family of α-helical cytokines that also includes IL-19, IL-20, IL-22, IL-24, and IL-26/AK155 (1, 2). IL-10 is secreted by many activated hematopoietic cell types as well as hepatic stellate cells, keratinocytes, and placental cytotrophoblasts (2-5). Mature human IL-10 shares 72% - 86% amino acid sequence identity with bovine, canine, equine, feline, mouse, ovine, porcine, and rat IL-10. Whereas human IL-10 is active on mouse cells, mouse IL-10 does not act on human cells (6, 7). IL-10 is a 178 amino acid molecule that contains two intrachain disulfide bridges and is expressed as a 36 kDa noncovalently associated homodimer (6, 8, 9). The IL-10 dimer binds to two IL-10 Rα/IL-10 R1 chains, resulting in recruitment of two IL-10 Rβ/IL-10 R2 chains and activation of a signaling cascade involving JAK1, TYK2, and STAT3 (10). IL-10 Rβ does not bind IL-10 by itself but is required for signal transduction (1). IL-10 Rβ also associates with IL-20 Rα, IL-22 Rα, or IL-28 Rα to form the receptor complexes for IL-22, IL-26, IL-28, and IL-29 (11-13). IL-10 is a critical molecule in the control of viral infections and allergic and autoimmune inflammation (14-16). It promotes phagocytic uptake and Th2 responses but suppresses antigen presentation and Th1 proinflammatory responses (2).

References:

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