

## **Human B7-1/CD80 Biotinylated Antibody**

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: BAF140

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human B7-1 in Western blots. In this format, approximately 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) B7-2, rmB7-1, and rmB7-2 is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	S. frugiperda insect ovarian cell line Sf 21-derived recombinant human B7-1 Extracellular domain
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details.
APPLICATIONS	
Please Note: Optimal diluti	ons should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.
	Recommended Sample Concentration
Western Blot	0.1 μg/mL Recombinant Human B7-1/CD80 Fc Chimera (Catalog # 140-B1)
PREPARATION AND	STORAGE
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.  12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.  1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.  6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

## BACKGROUND

B7-1 and B7-2, together with their receptors CD28 and CTLA-4, constitute one of the dominant co-stimulatory pathways that regulate T- and B-cell responses. Although both CTLA-4 and CD28 can bind to the same ligands, CTLA-4 binds to B7-1 and B7-2 with a 20 - 100 fold higher affinity than CD28 and is involved in the down-regulation of the immune response. B7-1 is expressed on activated B cells, activated T cells, and macrophages. B7-2 is constitutively expressed on interdigitating dendritic cells, Langerhans cells, peripheral blood dendritic cells, memory B cells, and germinal center B cells. Additionally, B7-2 is expressed at low levels on monocytes and can be up-regulated through interferon v. B7-1 and B7-2 are both members of the Immunoglobulin superfamily. Human B7-1 is a 288 amino acid (aa) protein containing a 34 as signal peptide, a 208 as extracellular domain, a 21 as transmembrane domain, and a 25 as cytoplasmic domain. Human B7-2 share 26% amino acid identity. Human and mouse B7-1 share 44% amino acid identity. However, it has been observed that both human and mouse B7-1 and B7-2 can bind to either human or mouse CD28 and CTLA-4, suggesting that there are conserved amino acids which form theB7-1/B7-2/CD28/CTLA-4 critical binding sites.

## References:

- 1. Azuma, M. et al. (1993) Nature 366:76.
- 2. Freeman, G.J. et al. (1993) Science 262:909.
- 3. Freeman, G. et al. (1991) J. Exp. Med. 174:625.
- 4. Selvakumar, A. et al. (1993) Immunogenetics 38:292.
- 5. Chen, C. et al. (1994) J. Immunol. 152:4929.
- 6. Freeman, G.J. et al. (1993) J. Exp. Med. 178:2185.

