

## Mouse PD-L2/B7-DC Biotinylated Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: BAF1022

DESCRIPTION				
Species Reactivity	Mouse			
Specificity	Detects mouse PD-L2/B7-DC in Western blots. In Western blots, approximately 25% cross-reactivity with recombinant human PD-L2 is observed.			
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG			
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified			
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse PD-L2/B7-DC Met1-Arg219 Accession # Q9WUL5			
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details.			

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Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	0.1 μg/mL	Recombinant Mouse PD-L2 Fc Chimera (Catalog # 1022-PL)
Immunohistochemistry	5-15 μg/mL	Perfusion fixed frozen sections of mouse thymus

## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

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Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.		
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.		
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.		
	<ul> <li>12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul>		
	● 6 months -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution		

## BACKGROUND

Mouse Programmed Death Ligand 2 (PD-L2), also named B7DC and butyrophilin-like protein, is a member of the B7 family of proteins that provide signals for regulating T-cell activation and tolerance (1-4). Other family members include B7-1, B7-2, B7-H2, PD-L1 (B7-H1), and B7-H3. B7 proteins are immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily members with extracellular Ig-V-like and Ig-C-like domains and short cytoplasmic domains. Among the family members, they share from 20-40% amino acid (aa) sequence identity. The cloned mouse PD-L2 cDNA encodes a 247 aa type I membrane precursor protein with a putative 20 aa signal peptide, a 199 aa extracellular region containing one V-like and one C-like Ig domain, a 23 aa transmembrane region, and only a 5 aa cytoplasmic domain. The extracellular domains of mouse and human PD-L2 share approximately 72% aa sequence identity. PD-L2 is one of two ligands for programmed death-1 (PD-1), a member of the CD28 family of immunoreceptors. The other identified ligand is PD-L1 and PD-L2 share approximately 34% aa sequence identity and have similar functions. PD-L2 is constitutively expressed in lymphoid and non-lymphoid organs (1-4). The expression of PD-L2 is detected on dendritic cells, thymic epithelial cells and IFN-y treated monocytes. PD-L2 expression is also upregulated in a variety of tumor cell lines. On previously activated T cells, PD-L2 interaction with PD-1 inhibits TCR-mediated proliferation and cytokine production, suggesting an inhibitory role in regulating immune responses. In contrast, a co-stimulatory function for the PD-1 ligands on resting T cells has also been reported.

## References:

- 1. Latchman, Y. et al. (2001) Nature Immun. 2:261.
- 2. Tseng, B.S-Y. et al. (2001) J. Exp. Med. 193:839.
- 3. Sharpe, A.H. and G.J. Freeman (2002) Nat. Rev. Immunol. 2:116.
- 4. Coyle, A. and J. Gutierrez-Ramos (2001) Nat. Immunol. 2:203.

