

**DESCRIPTION**

<b>Source</b>	Human embryonic kidney cell, HEK293-derived human IL-23R protein			
	Human IL-23R (Gly24-Asp353) Accession # AAM44229.1	IEGRMD	Human IgG <sub>1</sub> (Pro100-Lys330)	Avi-tag
	N-terminus		C-terminus	
<b>N-terminal Sequence</b>	Gly24			
<b>Analysis</b>				
<b>Structure / Form</b>	Disulfide-linked homodimer Biotinylated via Avi-tag			
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	66 kDa			

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>SDS-PAGE</b>	90-102 kDa, under reducing conditions.
<b>Activity</b>	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. When Recombinant Human IL-23 Protein (Catalog # 1290-IL) is immobilized at 1.0 µg/mL (100 µL/well), the concentration of Biotinylated Recombinant Human IL-23R Fc Chimera Avi-tag (Catalog # AV11400) that produces 50% of the optimal binding response is 10.0-100 ng/mL.
<b>Endotoxin Level</b>	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
<b>Purity</b>	>95%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

<b>Reconstitution</b>	Reconstitute at 250 µg/mL in PBS.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul>

**DATA**

<p><b>Binding Activity</b></p> <p><b>Biotinylated Recombinant Human IL-23R Fc Chimera Avi-tag Protein Binding Activity</b> When Recombinant Human IL-23 Protein (Catalog # 1290-IL) is immobilized at 1.0 µg/mL (100 µL/well), the concentration of Biotinylated Recombinant Human IL-23R Fc Chimera Avi-tag Protein (Catalog # AV11400) that produces 50% of the optimal binding response is 10.0-100 ng/mL.</p>	<p><b>SDS-PAGE</b></p> <p><b>Biotinylated Recombinant Human IL-23R Fc Chimera Avi-tag Protein SDS-PAGE. 2</b> µg/lane of Biotinylated Recombinant Human IL-23R Fc Chimera Avi-tag Protein (Catalog # AV11400) was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) and non-reducing (NR) conditions and visualized by Coomassie® Blue staining, showing bands at 90-102 kDa and 180-200 kDa, respectively.</p>
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**BACKGROUND**

Interleukin 23 (IL-23) is a heterodimeric cytokine composed of two disulfide-linked subunits, a p19 subunit that is unique to IL-23, and a p40 subunit that is shared with IL-12 (1 - 5). The functional IL-23 receptor complex consists of two receptor subunits, the IL-12 receptor beta 1 subunit (IL-12 R $\beta$ 1) and the IL-23-specific receptor subunit (IL-23 R) (3). Human IL-23 R cDNA encodes a 629 aa type I transmembrane protein with a 23 aa residue signal peptide, a 330 aa residue extracellular domain, a 23 aa residue transmembrane domain and a 253 aa residue cytoplasmic region. IL-23 R shares structural features with the IL-12 R $\beta$ 2, including an N-terminal Ig-like domain, two cytokine receptor domains and multiple glycosylation sites in the extracellular domain. IL-23 R lacks the three extracellular membrane-proximal fibronectin-type III domains present on IL-12 R $\beta$ 2. IL-23 R has a WQPWS sequence in the transmembrane-proximal cytokine receptor domain similar to the cytokine receptor signature WSXWS motif. The cytoplasmic region of IL-23 R has three potential Src homology 2 domain-binding sites and two potential Stat-binding sites. The gene for human IL-23 R is located on human chromosome 1 within 150 kb of IL-12 R $\beta$ 2. Human and mouse IL-23 R share 66% amino acid sequence identity. Based on quantitative real-time PCR, human IL-23 R mRNA is expressed in a human Th1 and Th0 clone as well as several NK cell lines and clones. Low but detectable levels of IL-23 R mRNA is also expressed in EBV-transformed B cells and activated PBMC. IL-23 initiates a signal transduction cascade similar to that of IL-12, and involves Jak2, Tyk2, Stat1, Stat3, Stat4, and Stat5. IL-23 has biological activities that are similar to, but distinct from IL-12. Our Avi-tag Biotinylated human IL-23R Fc chimera features biotinylation at a single site contained within the Avi-tag, a unique 15 amino acid peptide. Protein orientation will be uniform when bound to streptavidin-coated surface due to the precise control of biotinylation and the rest of the protein is unchanged so there is no interference in the protein's bioactivity.

**References:**

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2. Lankford, C.S. and D.M. Frucht (2003) *J. Leukoc. Biol.* **73**:49.
3. Parham, C. *et al.* (2002) *J. Immunol.* **168**:5448.
4. Belladonna, M.L. *et al.* (2002) *J. Immunol.* **168**:5448.
5. Aggarwal, S. *et al.* (2003) *J. Biol. Chem.* **278**:1910.