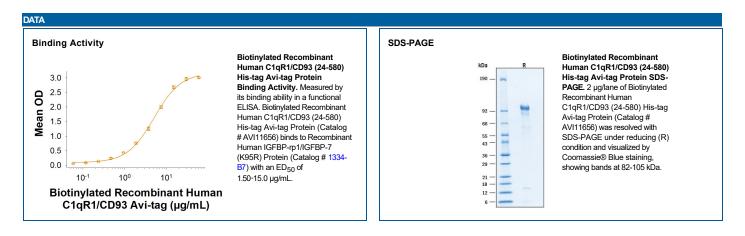


Catalog Number: AVI11656

| DESCRIPTION | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Source | Human embryonic kidney cell, HEK293-derived human C1qR1/CD93 protein Ala24-Lys580, with a C-terminal 6-His tag and Avi-tag Accession # Q9NPY3.3 |
| N-terminal Sequence Analysis | Ala24 |
| Structure / Form | Biotinylated via Avi-tag |
| Predicted Molecular | 61 kDa |

| SPECIFICATIONS | |
|-----------------|--|
| SDS-PAGE | 82-105 kDa, under reducing conditions. |
| Activity | Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Biotinylated Recombinant Human C1qR1/CD93 (24-580) His-tag Avi-tag binds to Recombinant Human IGFBP-rp1/IGFBP-7 (K95R) Protein (Catalog # 1334-B7) with an ED ₅₀ of 1.50-15.0 μg/mL. |
| Endotoxin Level | <0.10 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method. |
| Purity | >90%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining. |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. |

| PREPARATION AND STORAGE | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Reconstitution | Reconstitute at 200 μg/mL in water. |
| Shipping | The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. |
| Stability & Storage | Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. |





Biotinylated Recombinant Human C1qR1/CD93 (24-580) Histag Avi-tag

Catalog Number: AVI11656

BACKGROUND

C1qR1, also known as CD93 and C1qRp, is an approximately 125 kDa type-1 transmembrane glycoprotein that is involved in various aspects of inflammatory reactions (1). Mature human CD93 consists of a 557 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD) containing C-type lectin and EGF-like domains, followed by a 21 aa transmembrane segment and a 51 aa cytoplasmic domain (2, 3). Within the ECD, human CD93 shares 65% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat CD93. CD93 is expressed by vascular endothelial cells (5) and by a variety of hematopoietic cells (3-9). Various sized fragments of soluble CD93 (50-75 kDa) can be shed from monocytes, neutrophils, and vascular endothelial cells following inflammatory stimulation, leaving a residual stub in the membrane (11-13). Cross-linking of cell surface CD93 enhances phagocytosis by monocytes and enhances the uptake of apoptotic cells in vivo (10, 15). Soluble CD93 promotes the differentiation of monocytes to macrophages, phagocytosis of apoptotic cells, and inflammatory responsiveness to multiple TLR ligands (12, 14). CD93 plays a role in cardiovascular disease progression and modulates angiogenesis, inflammation and tumor growth and its interaction with insulin-like growth factor binding protein 7 (IGFBP7) contributes to abnormal tumor vasculature (16-17). Our Avi-tag Biotinylated Human C1qR1/CD93 (24-580) features biotinylation at a single site contained within the Avi-tag, a unique 15 amino acid peptide. Protein orientation will be uniform when bound to streptavidin-coated surface due to the precise control of biotinylation and the rest of the protein is unchanged so there is no interference in the protein's bioactivity.

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