

Human CCL16/HCC-4 Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF802

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human CCL16/HCC-4 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant human CCL16/HCC-4 Gln24-Gln120 Accession # O15467
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the antibody by the LAL method.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS.

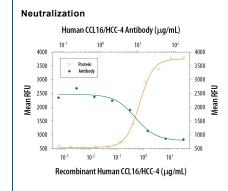
APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Neutralization

Measured by its ability to neutralize CCL16/HCC-4-induced chemotaxis in the BaF3 mouse pro-B cell line transfected with human CCR1. The Neutralization Dose (ND₅₀) is typically 4-16 μg/mL in the presence of 750 ng/mL Recombinant Human CCL16/HCC-4.

DATA



Chemotaxis Induced by CCL16/HCC-4 and Neutralization by Human CCL16/HCC-4 Antibody. Recombinant Human CCL16/HCC-4 (Catalog # 802-HC) chemoattracts the BaF3 mouse pro-B cell line transfected with human CCR1 in a dosedependent manner (orange line). The amount of cells that migrated through to the lower chemotaxis chamber was measured by Resazurin (Catalog # Catalog # AR002). Chemotaxis elicited by Recombinant Human CCL16/HCC-4 (750 ng/mL) is neutralized (green line) by increasing concentrations of Goat Anti-Human CCL16/HCC-4 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF802). The ND₅₀ is typically 4-16 µg/mL

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

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Human HCC-4, also named NCC-4, liver-expressed chemokine (LEC), and lymphocyte and monocyte chemoattractant (LMC), is a novel CC chemokine identified through bioinformatics. HCC-4 cDNA encodes a 120 amino acid (aa) residue precursor protein with a 23 aa residue predicted signal peptide that is cleaved to generate a 97 aa residue mature protein. HCC-4 is distantly related to other CC chemokines, exhibiting less than 30% aa sequence identity. Among these CC chemokines, HCC-4 has the most similarity to HCC-1. Two potential polyadenylation signals are present on the human HCC-4 gene, and as a result, two transcripts containing approximately 1,500 base pairs and 500 base pairs have been detected. HCC-4 is expressed weakly by some lymphocytes, including NK cells, γδ T cells, and some T cell clones. The expression of HCC-4 in monocytes is highly upregulated in the presence of IL-10. The HCC-4 gene has been mapped to chromosome 17q where multiple CC chemokines are clustered.

Recombinant HCC-4 has been shown to chemoattract human monocytes and THP-1 cells but not resting lymphocytes or neutrophils. HCC-4 has also been found to suppress proliferation of myeloid progenitor cells. The HCC-4 induced calcium flux in THP-1 cells can be desensitized by prior exposure to RANTES, suggesting that HCC-4 and RANTES share the same receptor in THP-1 cells.

References:

- 1. Shoudai, K. et al. (1998) Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1396:273.
- 2. Hedrick, J. et al. (1998) Blood 91:4242.
- 3. Youn, B-S. et al. (1998) BBRC 247:217

