

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse/Rat
Specificity	Detects human, mouse, and rat gp96/HSP90B1 in direct ELISAs and Western blots.
Source	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human gp96/HSP90B1 Arg503-Arg660 Accession # P14625
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 532 Excitation Wavelength: 534 nm Emission Wavelength: 553 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide
*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.	

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Knockout Validated	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Immunohistochemistry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Glycoprotein 96 (gp96; also endoplasmic, GRP-94, TRA1 and HSP90B1) is a 94-100 kDa member of the HSP 90 family of proteins. Gp96 is a ubiquitously-expressed, ER resident protein, and is found in a preformed complex with BiP, CaBP1 and UDP-glucosyltransferase. This is a chaperone complex that binds unfolded protein substrates. When folded properly, the substrate is forwarded to calnexin-containing chaperone complexes that promote its maturation. Gp96 clients are restricted, and include disulfide-bonded integrins, TLRs, LDLR and CD180. Within the complex, gp96 exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer that may form higher-order oligomers. Gp96 also appears on the cell surface, and may serve as a receptor for bacteria. Mature human gp96 is a 782 amino acid (aa) membrane-associated protein (aa 22-803). It is not a transmembrane protein, but utilizes an ER retention signal (aa 800-803) to interact with the ER membrane. The molecule possesses a HATPase-C like region (aa 98-219), plus multiple ATP binding and two utilized phosphorylation sites. Over aa 503-660, human gp96 shares 98% aa sequence identity with mouse gp96.

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