

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human NQO-1 in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, less than 1% cross-reactivity with recombinant human NQO-2 is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human NQO-1 Met1-Lys274 Accession # P15559
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 350 Excitation Wavelength: 346 nm Emission Wavelength: 442 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

NQO-1 (NADPH Quinone acceptor Oxidoreductase 1; also DTD and Menadione reductase) is a 31-33 kDa cytoplasmic member of the NAD(P)H dehydrogenase family of enzymes. It is widely expressed, being found in adipocytes, endothelial cells and hepatocytes. NQO-1 serves as a cytoprotective molecule, reducing quinones (atmospheric benzene and estrogen compounds) and nitroaromatics without consuming sulfhydryl compounds. It also acts as a backup superoxide scavenger to SOD. NQO-1 reportedly binds and stabilizes key cell protection molecules such as p53, thus acting as a gatekeeper for proteasome-mediated protein turnover. Human NQO-1 is 274 amino acids (aa) in length. It contains an FMN reductase domain (aa 5-212) and two utilized Lys acetylation sites. NQO-1 functions as a noncovalent homodimer. There are three potential at Met22, while two others show a deletion of aa 141-174 and 102-139, respectively. Full length human NQO-1 shares 86% aa sequence identity with mouse NQO-1.

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