

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects mouse Lymphotoxin- α /TNF- β in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, 100% cross-reactivity with recombinant human Lymphotoxin- α /TNF- β is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant mouse Lymphotoxin- α /TNF- β
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 532
	Excitation Wavelength: 534 nm
	Emission Wavelength: 553 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide

*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
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PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Tumor necrosis factor-beta (TNF- β), also known as lymphotoxin-alpha (LT- α), is a secreted homotrimeric glycoprotein belonging to the TNF superfamily and is designated TNFSF1B. It is produced by NK, T, and B cells. TNF- β was originally identified as protein that kills tumor cells in cell culture supernatants of a lymphoblastoid cell line. The TNF- β subunit also associates with the type II transmembrane TNF superfamily protein lymphotoxin beta (LT β) to generate two types of heterotrimers designated as LT α 1 β 2 (a single TNF- β chain non-covalently associated with two chains of LT β), and LT α 2 β 1 (1, 2). TNF- α , TNF- β , and LT β form a subfamily of the TNF related ligands. Their genes are genetically linked within a compact cluster inside the major histocompatibility complex locus (2, 3). The soluble TNF- β binds and signals through TNF R1 and TNF R2. In contrast, the membrane-bound LT α 1 β 2 interacts specifically with the LT β receptor (LT β R), which does not bind TNF- β or TNF- α . Both TNFR1 and TNFR2 bind LT α 2 β 1, which is recognized weakly by LT β R (4, 5). TNF R1 and 2 express very broadly, while expression of LT β R is restricted to stromal cells of lymphoid tissues. Herpesvirus entry mediator binds TNF- β in vitro (6). The physiological importance of such interaction, if it occurs *in vivo*, is unclear. Distinct functions attributed to TNF- β from transgenic knock-out mice include, loss of lymph node development, change in splenic architecture, impaired germinal center formation, and susceptibility to pulmonary tuberculosis (7, 8). TNF- β also has overlapping physiological functions with LT β and TNF- α in lymphoid organogenesis (7). Mouse and human TNF- β share approximately 74% homology in their amino acid sequence.

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