

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse/Rat
Specificity	Detects human, mouse, and rat Ets-1 in Western blots and detects recombinant human Ets-1 in direct ELISAs.
Source	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human Ets-1 Glu127-Val230 Accession # P14921
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 532 Excitation Wavelength: 534 nm Emission Wavelength: 553 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Immunohistochemistry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Ets-1 (E26 Transformation-Specific 1; also p54 and c-ets1) is a 52-54 kDa member of the ETS family of proteins. It is found in multiple cell types, and serves as a transcriptional regulator (generally activator) of multiple target genes, including prolactin, the transferrin receptor, and Cyclin E. By upregulating Cyclin E and CDK2 genes, it promotes cell-cycle progression. Ets-1 forms complexes with both transcriptional activators (AP-1 and GHF-1) and repressors (MafB and Daxx). Human Ets-1 is 441 amino acids (aa) in length. It contains one PNT domain (aa 51-136) that binds ERK2, and a DNA-binding ETS domain (aa 335-415). There are two SUMOylation sites, plus four utilized phosphorylation and acetylated lysine sites. At least four potential isoform variants are reported. One shows a deletion of aa 244-330 (termed isoform 1B), a second shows a deletion of aa 262-331, a third contains a deletion of aa 28-244, and a fourth possesses an 11 aa substitution for aa 262-441. Over aa 127-230, human Ets-1 shares 95% aa identity with mouse Ets-1.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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