

Mouse/Rat Wnt-5a Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF645

DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Mouse/Rat
Specificity	Detects mouse and rat Wnt-5a in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, approximately 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse (rm) Wnt-5b is observed and less than 2% cross-reactivity with rmWnt-1, rmWnt-3a, rmWnt-4, rmWnt-11, and rmWnt-16 is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant mouse Wnt-5a peptide Gln254-Cys334 Accession # P22725
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose.

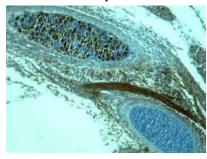
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Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	2 μg/mL	Lysates of HeLa Human Cervical Epithelial Carcinoma Cells and Mouse Brain (embryo E14)
Immunohistochemistry	5-15 μg/mL	See Below

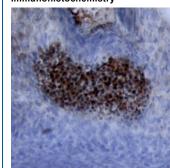
DATA

Immunohistochemistry



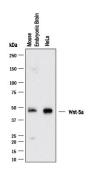
Wnt-5a in Mouse Embryonic Rib. Wnt-5a was detected in immersion fixed paraffinembedded sections of mouse embryonic rib using 15 µg/mL Mouse/Rat Wnt-5a Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF645) overnight at 4 °C. Tissue was stained with the Anti-Goat HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # CTS008) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC Staining of Paraffin-embedded Tissue Sections.

Immunohistochemistry



Wnt-5a in Mouse Embryo. Wnt-5a was detected in immersion fixed frozen sections of mouse embryo using Mouse/Rat Wnt-5a Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF645) at 15 µg/mL overnight at 4 °C. Tissue was stained using the Anti-Goat HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # CTS008) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC Staining of Frozen Tissue Sections.

Western Blot



Detection of Mouse/Rat Wnt-5a by Western Blot. Western blot shows lysates of HeLa Human Cervical Epithelial Carcinoma Cells and Mouse Brain (embryo E14). PVDF membrane was probed with 2 µg/mL of Goat Anti-Mouse/Rat Wnt-5a Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF645) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF017). A specific band was detected for Wnt-5a at approximately ~42kDa kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Western Blot Buffer Group 1.

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PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.	

BACKGROUND

Wnt proteins are secreted glycoproteins that contain a conserved pattern of 23-24 cysteine residues. Wnts play critical roles in both carcinogenesis and embryonic development for a variety of organisms. Wnts bind to receptors of the Frizzled family, sometimes in conjunction with other membrane-associated proteins such as LRPs or proteoglycans. Downstream effects of Wnt signaling occur through different intracellular components, depending on which pathway is activated. Three pathways have been characterized: the canonical Wnt/β-catenin pathway, the Wnt/Ca²⁺ pathway, and the planar cell polarity (1, 2).

Wnt-5a is part of the subgroup of Wnts that are not axis-inducing in *Xenopus* embryos and do not transform C57MG mammary epithelial cells. This subgroup is also implicated in the Wnt/Ca2+ pathway, playing roles in cell movements and cell adhesion (3). This non-canonical Wnt pathway can inhibit canonical Wnt/β-catenin signaling. In Wnt-5a deficient mouse embryos, β-catenin accumulates in the limb bud suggesting that Wnt-5a normally promotes degradation of β-catenin (4). Likewise, in *Xenopus* embryos Wnt-5a antagonizes the ability of the canonical Wnt subgroup to induce a secondary axis (5). Wnt-5a is implicated in various types of cancer and has complex roles. It acts as a tumor suppressor for mammary, B-cell, colon, and uroepithelial cancer cells but is up-regulated in melanomas, where expression levels correlate with severity of metastasis (3). Furthermore, aberrant Wnt-5a signaling results in other diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis (6). Like other developmental growth factors Wnt-5a has diverse roles in development. They are too numerous to enunciate here, as functions span from early anterior-posterior development and gastrulation movements to maintaining hematopoietic stem cell population, lung morphogenesis, and limb outgrowth. Mouse and human Wnt-5a share 97% amino acid identity.

References:

- 1. Miller, J.R. (2002) Genome Biol. 3:3001.
- 2. Roelink, H. and R. Nusse (1991) Genes Dev. 5:381.
- 3. Veeman, M.T. et al. (2003) Developmental Cell 5:367.
- 4. Topol, L. et al. (2003) J. Cell Biol 162:899.
- 5. Torres, M. et al. (1996) J. Cell Biol. 133:1123.
- 6. Sen, M. et al. (2001) Arthritis & Rheumatism 44:772.

