

DESCRIPTION

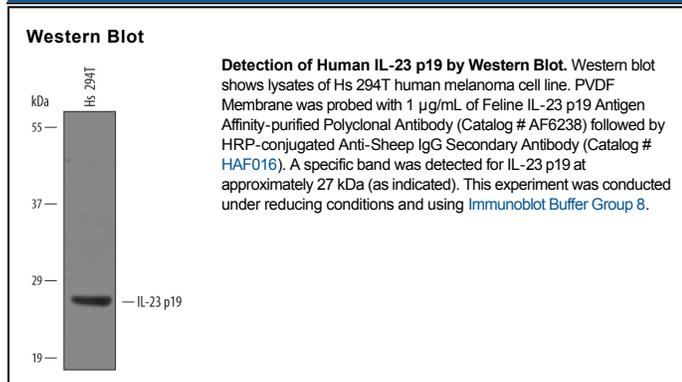
Species Reactivity	Human/Feline
Specificity	Detects human and feline IL-23 p19 in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, approximately 60% cross-reactivity with recombinant canine IL-23 p19 is observed and approximately 30% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse IL-23 p19 is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant feline IL-23 p19 Arg26-Arg185 Accession # ABB01676
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 µg/mL	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Sterile PBS to a final concentration of 0.2 mg/mL.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

IL-23 p19 (Interleukin 23 p19; also IL-23 alpha) is an 18-20 kDa (estimated) member of the IL-6 superfamily of molecules. It is disulfide-bonded to p40 to form IL-23. IL-23 is secreted by immune-related cell types such as keratinocytes, dendritic cells, macrophages, microglia and monocytes, often following TLR stimulation. It appears to drive Th17 cell development by inhibiting T-bet and FoxP3 production, and to reduce IL-12-mediated IFN-γ production by CD4+, CD8+ and NK cells. Based on human, mature feline IL-23 p19 is 160 amino acids (aa) in length. It is a α-helical molecule that utilizes Cys80 to form an interchain disulfide bond with IL-12 p40. IL-23 p19 does not appear to be released unless dimerized to p40. There are no potential N-linked glycosylation sites on p19. Mature feline IL-23 p19 (aa 26-185) shares 87% aa identity with human IL-23 p19.