

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse
Specificity	Detects human and mouse RCOR1/CoREST in direct ELISAs and Western blots.
Source	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human RCOR1/CoREST Ala397-Ser486 Accession # Q9UKL0
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 488 Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 515-545 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

RCOR1 (REST [RE-1 silencing transcription factor] CORepressor 1; also CoREST) is a 64-66 kDa member of the CoREST family of proteins. It is a nuclear protein that is ubiquitously expressed. RCOR1 serves as a molecular bridge, linking REST with Sin3, HDAC, LSD1, histone H3 K9 methyltransferases, and MeCP2. This creates a complex that represses the expression of neuron-specific genes in nonneuronal cells, principally by coordinating the demethylation of Lys4 in histone H3. Human RCOR1 is 482 amino acids (aa) in length. It contains one ELM2 domain (aa 102-157) that interacts with HDAC, and two SANT sequences (aa 187-238 and 378-429) that bind DNA tandem repeats. There are three potential RCOR1 splice variants. One contains a four aa substitution for aa 296-482, a second shows an alternative start site 3 aa upstream of the standard site, while a third shares the same upstream start site accompanied by a 15 aa substitution for aa 471-482. Over aa 394-482, human RCOR1 shares 93% aa identity with mouse RCOR1.

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